



The following document has been received:

Receiving: DONNA ENCARNADO

Receipt Date and Time: April 14, 2025 01:42:42 PM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: AS92008231

Company Name: SOLAR SECURITIES INC

Industry Classification: J66930 Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10414202583168212

Document Type: Annual Audited Financial Report

Document Code: SEC_Form_52-AR **Period Covered:** December 31, 2024

Submission Type: Annual

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

From: eafs@bir.gov.ph (eafs@bir.gov.ph)

To: solar_accounting@yahoo.com.ph

Cc: solarsecurities3002@gmail.com

Date: Thursday, April 10, 2025 at 02:34 PM GMT+8

HI SOLAR SECURITIES INC,

Valid files

- EAFS001949768ITRTY122024.pdf
- EAFS001949768AFSTY122024.pdf

Invalid file

EAFS001949768OTHTY122024.pdf

Warning: Please resubmit the invalid file in the expected PDF format.

Transaction Code: AFS-0-BACBGK80SXNVNXRPXZ1YY2S069AK5JH5

Submission Date/Time: Apr 10, 2025 02:34 PM

Company TIN: 001-949-768

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

This is a system-generated e-mail. Please do not reply.

COVER SHEET

for

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SEC I | Regis | strati | on N | umbe | er | | | | | |
|----------|--|----|----------|--------------|----------|----------|-----------|----|--------------|------|-----|-----------|-----|------|-------|----------|--------------|-------|------|---------------|----------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|-----|--------|------|-----|---------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Α | S | 0 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 1 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | C | or | ıpaı | ny I | Varr | 1e | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | S | 0 | L | Α | R | | S | Е | С | U | R | I | Т | I | E | S | , | | I | N | С | , | | | | | | | |
| Γ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | F |
| | | | <u> </u> | | _ | - | L | | Pri | nci | nal | Off | ice | /N/ | 15 | tro | ot/P | ara | nas | ıy/C | itv | To | A/n\l | Dro | vin | co) | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | | ш | | | <u></u> |
| | | | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | | E | A | 1 | ı | | Т. | | | E | | | ly/C | P | S | E | | C | E | N | Т | R | F | | | | | |
| Γ | | | F | X | \vdash | | | N | | Е | | R | 0 | | D | | | | R | Т | 1 | G | | S | | C | E | | | _ | R | | | | |
| | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | _ | | 1 | | Р | | S | | G | | С | <u>'</u> | T | Υ | 0 | | 0 | _ | IN | <u> </u> | | | | | | L |
| <u> </u> | | | | <u> </u> | L | | <u>L.</u> | | | | | <u> </u> | | | ^ | <u> </u> | 1 | G | | <u> </u> | _ | | | | | | | | | | Ш | Ш | ᆜ | | L |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Form Type A F S Department requiring the report C R M D Secondary License Type, If Applicable B D I S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | ny's ec i | | | | | <u>m</u> | | | | | | | 's T | | hon | | umb | | | | | | | | | | Num 3806 | | | | | |
| | | | No. | of S | | khol | ders | S | | ĺ | | | | | | Мо | al M nth/ | Day | _ | | | | ì | | ĺ | | | | ont | ar Y h/Da | | | _ | | |
| 9 | | _ | _ | | 9 | | | | | | | | _ | 2r | d S | atur | day | of N | /lay | | | | | | | | _ | | 12 | /31 | _ | _ | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | sign | ated | | | | | | | | | | IATI cer o | | e Co | orpo | ratio | on | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | Na | me | of C | Conta | act F | Pers | on | | - 1 | 1 | | | E | mai | I Ad | dre | 38 | | | 7 | J | elep | hor | ne N | luml | ber/ | s | | | Mot | oile 1 | Vum | ber | |
| | _ | _ | JU | NE (| O. L | IAO | | | | | | <u>so</u> | lar | acco | ounti | ng@ | <u>Q</u> yah | 100.0 | com. | <u>ph</u> | | | | | | | | | | | 092 | 2289 |)828 | 63 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Со | ntac | t Pe | rsoi | n's A | \ddr | ess | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

1803 Athena Tower, 1089 Aguilar St., Binondo, Manila

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024 and 2023 With Report of Independent Auditors

SOLAR SECURITIES, INC. ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTSDECEMBER 31, 2024

| Cover Page1 |
|---|
| Statement of Management's Responsibility on Financial Statements2 |
| Independent Auditors' Report3-5 |
| Statements of Financial Position6 |
| Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income |
| Statements of Changes in Equity8 |
| Statements of Cash Flows9 |
| Notes to Financial Statements10-58 |
| Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors (Schedule I) |
| Computation of Risk-Based Capital Adequacy Ratio (Schedule II)60 |
| Information Relating to the Profession or Control Requirements under Annex F (Schedule III) |
| Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements under Annex G Of SRC Rule 49.2 (Schedule IV) |
| A Report Describing Any Material Inadequacies Found to Exist or Found to have Existed Since the Date of the Previous Audit (Schedule V) |
| Results of Quarterly Securities Count Conducted Pursuant to SRC Rule 52.1-10 as of Date of Statements of Financial Condition in the Annual Audited Financial Report (Schedule VI) |
| Financial Ratio Analysis (Schedule VII)65 |
| Stock Position Report (Schedule VIII)66-72 |
| Auditors' Report on Shareholdings |

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Metro Manila, Philippines

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT

Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 52.1-5 of the Securities Regulation Code.

Report for the Period Beginning January 1, 2024 and Ending December 31, 2024.

IDENTIFICATION OF BROKER OR DEALER

| Address o | f Principa | l Place of Business: | Unit 3002 East Tower Ph | illippine Stock Exchang |
|-------------------|------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| | | | Centre, Exchange Road, | Ortigas Center, Pasig C |
| | | | | |
| Name and | l Phone N | umber of Person to Contac | et in Regard to this Report | |
| Name and Name: | | umber of Person to Contac ary Ann Alday | et in Regard to this Report Tel. No. | 634-6653/636-6302 |

IDENTIFICATION OF ACCOUNTANT

| Vame: | M. A. Merc | ado & Co. | Tel No. | 8894-5783 |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | Fax No. | (632) 8894-4793 |
| Address: | Suite 2109 | Cityland 10 Tower 1 | | |
| | 6815 Ayal | a Avenue, Makati City | | |
| Certificate | Number | 66885 | | |
| PTR Numb | er | 10088643 | Date Issued | 01/12/2024 |



Unit E-3002, Phil. Stock Exchange Centre Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex, Pasig City Tel. Nos. 8634-6651 8634-6653

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **Solar Securities**, **Inc.** is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein and submits the same to the stockholders.

M. A. Mercado & Co., the independent auditors, appointed by the stockholders for the periods December 31, 2024 and 2023 have audited the financial statements of the Companyin accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing and in its report to the stockholders, have expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

WILSON Y. TIENG

Chairman

JOHNNY S. YAP President AIDAC: TIENG

Treasurer



M. A. MERCADO & Co. Certified Public Accountants 2109 Cityland 10 Tower 1 156 H.V. Dela Costa Street Cor. 6815 Ayala Avenue North 1226 Makati City, Philippines

Phone: +63 (2) 8894-5783

+63 (2) 8893-1509

Fax: +63 (2) 8894-4793

E-mail: mercado_cpa@yahoo.com

Website: mamercado.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Shareholders and the Board of Directors **SOLAR SECURITIES, INC.**Unit 3002 East Tower
Philippine Stock Exchange Centre
Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Solar Securities, Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a material accounting policy information.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, IV, V and VI is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but supplementary information required by Rule 52.1-5 of the Revised Securities Regulation Code. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the financial statements and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations 15-2010

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information under Revenue Regulation 15-2010 in Note 30 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

M.A. MERCADO & CO.

MARCELINO A. MERCADO

Partner

CPA License No. 066885

Tax Identification No. 102-921-222

P.T.R. No. 10471448; Issued on January 9, 2025, Makati City

BOA Accreditation No. 5658 / P-001

Issued on December 19, 2023; Valid until November 20, 2026

SEC Accreditation No. 66885-SEC (Group B)

Issued on January 25, 2022;

Valid until 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

BIR Accreditation No. 08-006173-001-2025

Issued on March 12, 2025; Valid until March 11, 2028

IC Accreditation No. 66885-IC

Issued on January 26, 2021:

Valid until 2024 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

Firm's BOA/PRC Cert. of Reg. No. 5658

Issued on December 19, 2023; Valid until November 20, 2026

Firm's SEC Accreditation No. 5658-SEC (Group B)

Issued on January 25, 2022;

Valid until 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

Firm's BIR Accreditation No. 08-006173-000-2024

Issued on March 5, 2024; Valid until March 4, 2027

Firm's IC Accreditation No. 5658-IC (Group A)

Issued on January 26, 2021;

Valid until 2024 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

April 4, 2025

Solar Securities, Inc. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| 10ng 10,376,3 479,800,96 3,244,767,3 13,244,767,3 | | | | December 31 | | Market Value of Securities | f Securities | |
|--|--|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Short Companies Companie | | Notes | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| on Aceter by the december of the control library of the control libr | ST-300 A | | | 1 | Long | Short | Long | Short |
| but and | Current Assets | | | | | | | |
| Activity | Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at FVPL | 2,3,4 | 125,344,783 11,547,986 | ₱124,250,598 10.376,310 | | | | |
| Calcinomes 2.37 8,217,374 5.36,00 1,159,686,141 | Receivables | | | , | | | | |
| 1,498,259 1,212,192 1,21 | Customers | 2,3,7 | 8,217,374 | 530,630 | 1,159,686,141 | | 479,800,969 | |
| 148,669,477 143,868,029 1,212,192 | Clearing house Prenavments and | 2,3,8 | • | 7,498,299 | | | | |
| 148,669,497 143,568,529 | other current assets | 2.3.9 | 3.559.354 | 1.212.192 | | | | |
| International part Page | | | 148 669 497 | 143,868,029 | | | | |
| 1,372,820 1,372,820 1,400,000 1,223,824 1,22 | Noncurrent Accete | | | | | | | |
| Part | Property and equipment, not | 22.10 | 16 711 750 | 000 075 71 | | | | |
| 1,000,000 2,511 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,511 2,511 2,511 2,510,440,849 2,512,820 2,511 2,511,141,255 2,512,440,849 2,512,141,1255 2,512,141,1255 2,512,141,1255 2,512,141,1255 2,512,141,1255 2,512,141,1255 2,512,141,1255 2,512,140 2,514,141,1255 2,512,140 2,514,141,1255 2,512,140 2,514,141,1255 2,512,140 2,514,141,1255 2,510,000 2,510,440,849 2,513,440,849 | Financial assets at FVOCI | 2,3,10 | 39.760.000 | 41 200 000 | | | | |
| P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P22,278,278 P22,278,28 | Trading rights | 2,3,11 | 8,000,000 | 8 000 000 | | | | |
| P213.141,255 P210,440,849 P213.141,255 P210,440,849 P213.141,255 P210,440,849 P213.141,255 P210,440,849 P22.78,278 P292.278,278 P292.278,288 P292.288 P29 | | | 64,471,758 | 66,572,820 | | | | |
| LITIES AND EQUITY ties the payables 2,3,12 2,3,13 2,3,14 2,3,13 2,3,14 2,3,13 2,3,14 2,3,13 2,3,14 2,3,13 2,3,14 2,3,13 2,3,14 | | | P213,141,255 | ₱210,440,849 | | | | |
| tes and belief to the payables and other current liabilities 2.3.12 F92,278,278 F 89,450,096 I,066,670,892 Customers 2.3.13 5,121,198 2.797,311 Customers and other current liabilities 2.3.14 2,761,746 2,797,311 Current Liability | WELLOS ANA SSITE HOALI | | | | | | | |
| ent Labilities ent Labilities ent Labilities 2,3,12 2,5,12 2,3,13 2,13,198 2,121,198 2,103,11 2,161,146 2,103,131 2,161,146 2,103,131 2,161,146 2,103,14 2,161,146 2,103,14 2,161,146 2,103,14 2,161,146 2,103,14 2,161,146 2,103,14 2,161,141,140 2,161,141,140 2,161,141,141 2,161,141,141 2,161,141,141 2,161,141,141 2,161,141,141 2,161,141,141 2,161,141 2,1 | Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Department Dep | Current Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities 2,3,12 7,0,1,198 2,797,311 2,3,13 5,1,11,198 2,797,311 2,3,14 2,76,1,148 2,797,311 2,3,14 2,76,1,148 2,797,311 2,2,14 2,76,1,148 2,797,311 2,2,2 4,369,432 3,762,396 2,2,2,4,407 2,2,2 4,369,432 3,762,396 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,2,3,834 2,2,3,11,2,2,834 2,2,3,11,2,2,834 2,2,3,11,2,2,834 2,2,3,11,2,2,834 2,2,3,11,2,2,3,834 2,2,3,11,2,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,3,11,2,3,3,4,8,3,11 2,2,3,11,2,3,11,2,3,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3,11,2,3,3, | Trade payables | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities 2.3.13 5,121,198 | Customers | 2,3,12 | ₱92,278,278 | ₱ 89,450,096 | 1,066,670,892 | | 907,613,216 | |
| Current Liability | Clearing house | 2,3,13 | 5,121,198 | | | | | |
| Current Liability 5,603,314 7,465,416 erred lax liabilities, net camployment benefits 2,15 5,603,314 7,465,416 re capital 2,22 4,369,432 3,762,396 ine dearnings 2,17 5,000,000 56,000,000 ained earnings 2,17 5,947,759 8,598,071 Appropriated Appropriated Appropriated Appropriated Appropriated Appropriated Spain on inancial assets at FVOCI 2,3,6 2,7,630,000 28,710,000 aluation surplus 2,18 4,635,00 4,663,500 4,663,500 uarial losses 2,22 4,57,805 106,965,630 uarial losses 103,007,288 106,965,630 rities in PCD, transfer office, box P213,141,255 P210,440,849 rities position of customers P213,141,255 P210,440,849 rities position of customers P3,335,468,911 P5,135,468,911 | AND THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PR | 41,5,14 | 100.161.222 | 92 247 407 | | | | |
| Current Liability 2,15 5,603,314 7,455,416 erred tax liabilities, net 2,22 4,369,432 3,762,396 erred tax liabilities, net 2,22 4,369,432 3,762,396 re capital 2,16 56,000,000 56,000,000 nined earnings 2,17 5,947,759 8,598,071 Appropriated Appropriated Unrealized gain on Invariated Spin on Invariated Spin on Appropriated Appropriated Appropriated Invariated Spin on Invariate Spin on Invaria | | | 10100 | 101,111,127 | | | | |
| temployment benefits 2,22 4,369,432 3,762,396 re capital 2,16 56,000,000 56,000,000 56,000,000 ained earnings 2,17 5,947,759 8,598,071 Appropriated 4,663,500 2,23,834 9,223,834 9,223,834 4,663,500 4,663,5 | Non Current Liability Deferred tax liabilities,net | 2,15 | 5,603,314 | 7,465,416 | | | | |
| re capital sined earnings June dearnings June dearning June dearnin | Post employment benefits | 2,22 | 4,369,432 | 3,762,396 | | | | |
| re capital since dearnings 2,16 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 2,17 5,947,759 8,598,071 4ppropriated 4ppropriated 4ptropriated 4ptropria | | | 9,972,746 | 11,227,812 | | | | |
| 2,16 56,000,000 56,000,000 2,17 5,947,759 8,598,071 9,223,834 9,223,834 2,36 27,630,000 28,710,000 2,18 4,663,500 4,663,500 2,22 (457,805) (229,775) 103,007,288 106,965,630 e, box 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 | Equity | | | | | | | |
| 2,17 5,947,759 8,598,071 9,223,834 9,223,834 2,36 2,36 2,18 4,663,500 2,18 4,663,500 2,22 4,503,000 2,18 103,007,288 106,965,630 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 106,965,630 103,007,288 103,007,288 103,007,288 103,007,288 103,007,288 104,0849 105,007,288 106,965,630 107,288,911 103,007,288 106,965,630 107,288,911 107,007,288 107,007,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,288 107,007,007,288 107,007,288 | Share capital | 2,16 | 26,000,000 | 56,000,000 | | | | |
| 2,3.6 27,630,000 28,710,000 2,18 4,663,500 4,663,500 2,22 (457,805) (229,775) 103,007,288 106,965,630 e, box 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 5,135,468,911 P5,135,468,911 P | Ketained earnings | 2,17 | | | | | | |
| 2,3.6 27,630,000 28,710,000 2,18 4,663,500 4,663,500 2,22 (457,805) (229,775) 103,007,288 106,965,630 e, box 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 | Onappropriated American | | 0,947,09 | 8,398,071 | | | | |
| 2,3.6 27,630,000 28,710,000 2,18 4,663,500 4,663,500 4,663,500 4,663,500 2,22 (457,805) (229,775) 103,007,288 106,965,630 e, box 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 P5,135,468,911 P5,135,468,911 P | Net unrealized gain on | | 7,443,034 | 7,223,034 | | | | |
| 2.18 4,663,500 4,663,500 2.22 (457,805) (229,775) 103,007,288 106,965,630 e, box 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 P5,135,468,911 P5,135,468,911 P | financial assets at FVOCI | 2,3,6 | 27,630,000 | 28,710,000 | | | | |
| 2,22 (457,805) (229,775) 103,007,288 106,965,630 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 e, box 2,897,563,892 2,897,563,892 P5,135,468,911 P5,135,468,911 P | Revaluation surplus | 2,18 | 4,663,500 | 4,663,500 | | | | |
| 103.007,288 106,965,630 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 e, box 2,897,563,892 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 P213,141,255 P213,468,911 P5,135,468,911 P | Actuarial losses | 2,22 | (457,805) | (229,775) | | | | |
| e, box 2,897,563,892 P210,440,849 2,897,563,892 P213,141,255 P210,440,849 2,897,563,892 P5,135,468,911 P5,135,468,911 | | | 103,007,288 | 106,965,630 | | | | |
| e, box 5,135,468,911 2,897,563,892 P5,135,468,911 P | | | P213,141,255 | P210,440,849 | | | | |
| 2,897,563,892 P5,135,468,911 P5,135,468,911 P | Securities in PCD, transfer office, box | | | | | 5,135,468,911 | | 4,642,557,832 |
| Z,897,203,892 PS,135,468,911 PS,135,468,911 P | Securities position of customers | | | | # 00 e | | | |
| P5,135,468,911 | without money balance | | | | 7,897,505,892 | | 3,244,767,337 | |
| | | | | | P5,135,468,911 | P5,135,468,911 | P4 642,557 832 | ₱4,642,557,832 |

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | | Years End | ed December 31 |
|--|--------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Notes | 2024 | 2023 |
| REVENUES | 2,3,20 | P 7,607,851 | ₱ 9,729,416 |
| COST OF SERVICES | 2,21 | (3,719,051) | (3,151,442) |
| GROSS PROFIT | | 3,888,800 | 6,577,974 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | 2,21 | (8,757,925) | (9,428,613) |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS | | (4,869,125) | (2,850,639) |
| FINANCE INCOME | 2,4,23 | 762,037 | 762,858 |
| LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE | | (4,107,088) | (2,087,781) |
| PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX | 2,25 | | |
| Current | , | 135,966 | 157,745 |
| Deferred | | (1,592,742) | (288,550) |
| | | (1,456,776) | (130,805) |
| NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR | | (2,650,312) | (1,956,976) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) | | | |
| reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | | | |
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on | | | |
| financial assets at FVOCI | 2,3,6 | (1,440,000) | 2,880,000 |
| Income tax effect | 15,25 | 360,000 | (720,000) |
| Moone the Creek | | (1,080,000) | 2,160,000 |
| Actuarial gain (loss) - Defined benefit obligation | 2,22 | (304,040) | 125,067 |
| Income tax effect | 15,25 | 76,010 | (31,267) |
| moome tax offeet | 10,20 | (228,030) | 93,800 |
| TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS | 5) | (1,308,030) | 2,253,800 |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS) | | ₱ (3,958,342) | ₱ 296,824 |
| LOSS PER SHARE | | | |
| Basic and diluted | 24 | ₱ 4.73 | ₱ 3.49 |

 $See\ Accompanying\ Notes\ to\ Financial\ Statements.$

Solar Securities, Inc. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | | | | | | Year Ended I | Year Ended December 31, 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Share Capital (Notes 2,16) | Retained Earnings Unappropriated (Notes 2,17) | Retained Earnings Appropriated (Notes 2,17) | Net Unrealized Gain on Financial Assets at FVOCI (Notes 2,6,17) | Revaluation Surplus (Notes 2,18) | Actuarial Gains (Losses) (Notes 2,18,22) | Total Equity |
| Balance at January 1, 2024 Net loss for the year Other comprehensive (loss) | P56,000,000 | P 8,598,071 (2,650,312) | P9,223,834 | P28 ,710,000 | P 4,663,500 | P (229,775) | P 106,965,630 (2,650,312) (1,308,030) |
| Total comprehensive income | 1 | (2,650,312) | • | (1,080,000) | • | (228,030) | (3,958,342) |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | P 56,000,000 | P 5,947,759 | P9,223,834 | P 27,630,000 | P4,663,500 | P (457,805) | ₱103,007,288 |
| | | | | Net Unrealized | | Year Ended | Year Ended December 31, 2023 |
| | Share Capital (Notes 2,16) | Retained Earnings Unappropriated (Notes 2,17) | Retained Earnings Appropriated (Notes 2,17) | Gain on Financial Assets at FVOCI (Notes 2,6,17) | Revaluation Surplus (Notes 2,18) | Actuarial Gains Losses (Notes 2,18,22) | Total Equity |
| Balance at January 1, 2023 Net loss for the year Other comprehensive income | P56,000,000 | ₱10,555,047 (1,956,976) | P9,223,834 | ₱26,550,000 - 2,160,000 | P4,663,500 | ₱ (323,575) - 93,800 | P106,668,806 (1,956,976) 2,253,800 |
| Total comprehensive income | 1 | (1,956,976) | 1 | 2,160,000 | 1 | 93,800 | 296,824 |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | ₱56,000,000 | ₱8,598,071 | P9,223,834 | P28,710,000 | ₱4,663,500 | ₱ (229,775) | ₱106,965,630 |

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| | | Years End | ed December 31 |
|---|------------|---------------|----------------|
| | Notes | 2024 | 2023 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Loss before income tax expense | | B (4 107 000) | Ð (2.007.701) |
| Adjustments for: | | ₱ (4,107,088) | ₱ (2,087,781) |
| Depreciation | 2.2.10 | 661.063 | 660 222 |
| Retirement expense | 2,3,10 | 661,062 | 669,223 |
| Net unrealized (gain) on financial assets at FVPL | 2,22 19 | 302,996 | 324,016 |
| Dividend income | | (964,706) | (684,756) |
| Interest income | 2,5,19 | (181,212) | (2,559,987) |
| Operating (loss) before working capital changes | 2,4,23 | (762,037) | (762,858) |
| | | (5,050,985) | (5,102,143) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | (0.0.5.0=0) | |
| Financial assets at FVPL | 2,3,5 | (206,970) | 352,677 |
| Receivable from customers | 2,3,7 | (7,686,744) | 6,501,369 |
| Receivable from clearing house | 2,3,8 | 7,498,299 | (7,498,299) |
| Prepayments and other current assets | 2,3,9 | (2,152,954) | (823,141) |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | |
| Payable to customers | 2,3,12 | 2,828,182 | (49,540,588) |
| Payable to clearing house | 2,3,13 | 5,121,198 | (4,409,138) |
| Accrued expense and | | | |
| other current liabilities | 2,3,14 | (35,565) | (521,069) |
| Cash (used in) provided by operations | | 314,461 | (61,040,332) |
| Dividends received | 2,5,19 | 181,212 | 2,559,987 |
| Interest received | 2,4,23 | 626,071 | 605,113 |
| Income tax paid | 2 | (27,559) | (27,559) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operations | | 1,094,185 | (57,902,791) |
| NET INCREASE (BECREAGE) IN CASH AND | | | |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND | | | |
| CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 1,094,185 | (57,902,791) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, | | | |
| BEGINNING OF YEAR | 2,3,4 | 124,250,598 | 182,153,389 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, | | | |
| END OF YEAR | 2,3,4 | ₱125,344,783 | ₱124,250,598 |

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Solar Securities, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated on December 3, 1992 to carry on and maintain the business of stock brokerage and act as dealer of securities, bonds, debentures, commodities, obligations and investment of all kinds and all activities, which are directly or indirectly related.

Its registered office address is located at Unit 3002 East Tower Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Ortigas Center, Pasig City.

The accompanying financial statements of the Company were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 4, 2025.

2. Material Accounting Policy Information

The more material accounting policies and practices of the Company are summarized below to facilitate the understanding of data presented in the financial statements.

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). The term PFRS includes all applicable PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and interpretation, which have been approved by the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) and adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis and are presented in Philippine peso, the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest peso, except when otherwise indicated

Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2024. Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these pronouncements did not have a significant impact on the parent company financial statements of the Company.

• Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current.
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right.
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

• IFRS 16, Leases

In September 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 16 Leases to add subsequent measurement requirements for sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements in IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers to be accounted for as a sale. The amendments require a seller-lessee to subsequently measure lease liabilities arising from a leaseback in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains.

The adoption of this amendment, effective January 1, 2024, did not have a material impact on the Company's Financial Statements.

• Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

The amendments specify disclosure requirements to enhance the current requirements, which are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The adoption of this amendment, effective January 1, 2024, did not have a material impact on the Company's Financial Statements.

Standards Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when these become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025 onwards

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

IFRS 17 establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts within the scope of the standard. The objective of IFRS 17 is to ensure that an entity provides relevant information that faithfully represents those contracts. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that insurance contracts have on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. IFRS 17 was issued in May 2017 and applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Through IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2020-62, the adoption of PFRS 17 was deferred from January 1, 2023, to January 2025.

IC then issues IC Circular Letter No. 2025-04 further extending the adoption of PFRS 17. All companies shall adopt PFRS 17 in their AFS for submission to the SEC effective January 1, 2027. However, companies are allowed to adopt PFRS 17 in their AFS beginning January 1, 2025.

The amendments will not have an impact in the financial statements of the Company

Amendments to PAS 21, Lack of exchangeability

On 15 August 2023, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued Lack of Exchangeability which amended IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (the Amendments). The Amendments introduce requirements to assess when a currency is exchangeable

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

into another currency and when it is not. The Amendments require an entity to estimate the spot exchange rate when it concludes that a currency is not exchangeable into another currency.

The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

• Amendments to PFRS 9, Lessee Derecognition of Lease Liabilities and Transaction Price

The IASB's amendments remove the conflict between IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 over the amount at which a trade receivable is initially measured. Under IFRS 15, a trade receivable may be recognized at an amount that differs from the transaction price – e.g. when the transaction price is variable. Conversely, IFRS 9 requires that companies initially measure trade receivables without a significant financing component at the transaction price. The IASB has amended IFRS 9 to require companies to initially measure a trade receivable without a significant financing component at the amount determined by applying IFRS 15.

The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Earlier application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Determination of a 'De Facto Agent'

Amends paragraph B74 of IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' to use less conclusive language and to clarify that the relationship described in paragraph B74 is just one example of a circumstance in which judgement is required to determine whether a party is acting as a de facto agent.

The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Earlier application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Amendments to PAS 7, Cost Method

Amends paragraph 37 of IAS 7 to replace the term 'cost method' with 'at cost'. The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Earlier application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Annual Improvements to PFRS Accounting Standards-Volume 11

• Amendments to PFRS 1, Hedge Accounting by a First-time Adopter

The amendments modified paragraphs B5-B6 of IFRS 1:

- to improve consistency with the requirements in IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', and
- to add cross-references to improve the understandability of IFRS 1.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

• Amendments to PFRS 7, Gain or Loss on Derecognition

The amendments modified paragraph B38 of IFRS 7:

- to replace an obsolete reference to paragraph 27A of IFRS 7 with a reference to paragraphs 72–73 of IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement', and
- to replace the phrase 'inputs that were not based on observable market data' with 'unobservable inputs' to make the wording consistent with the wording in paragraph 72 of IFRS 13.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures which clarify the derecognition of a financial liability settled through electronic transfer and introduces an accounting policy option to derecognize a financial liability settled through electronic transfer before the settlement date, if specific criteria are met. The amendments additionally clarify the classification of financial assets with environmental, social and corporate governance and similar features and also required additional disclosures for certain financial instruments. The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

• IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ("IFRS 18")

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ("IFRS 18") which replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces new requirements on presentation within the statement of profit or loss, disclosure of management defined performance measures, and principles for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information in the financial statements and the notes. IFRS 18 will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. IFRS 18 is to be applied retrospectively.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

• PFRS 19, Subsidiaries without Public Accountability

IFRS 19 specifies reduced disclosure requirements that an eligible entity is permitted to apply instead of the disclosure requirements in other IFRS Accounting Standards. IFRS 19 was issued in May 2024 and applies to an annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2027. The Company is currently assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Deferred effectivity

Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture.

The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1,2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are temporary placements with maturity of less than three (3) months which can be withdrawn anytime depending on the immediate cash requirement of the Company and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity or a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Date of Recognition

The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable, is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit and loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost.

"Day 1" difference

Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference.

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories:
a) financial assets at FVPL; b) financial assets at amortized cost and c) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial Assets and Liabilities at FVPL

Financial assets and liabilities at FVPL are either classified as held for trading or designated at FVPL. A financial instrument is classified as held for trading if it meets either of the following conditions:

- it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- on initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

This category includes equity instruments which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI at initial recognition. This category includes debt instruments whose cash flows are not "solely for payment of principal and interest" assessed at initial recognition of the assets, or which are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell.

The Company may, at initial recognition, designate a financial asset or financial liability meeting the criteria to be classified at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as a financial asset or financial liability at FVPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces accounting mismatch that would arise from measuring these assets or liabilities.

After initial recognition, financial assets at FVPL and held for trading financial liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses arising from the fair valuation of financial assets at FVPL and held for trading financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities designated at FVPL under the fair value option, the amount of change in fair value that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognized in other comprehensive income (rather than in profit or loss), unless this creates an accounting mismatch. Amounts presented in other comprehensive income are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measure at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023 the Company's cash and cash equivalents, receivables from customers and receivables from clearing house are included under this category (see Notes 4,7,8).

Financial Assets at FVOCI

For debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristic and are not designated at FVPL under the fair value option, the financial assets shall be measured at FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For equity instruments, the Company may irrevocably designate the financial asset to be measured at FVOCI in case the above conditions are not met.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest income (calculated using the effective interest rate method), foreign currency gains or losses and impairment losses of debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recognized directly in profit

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in OCI are reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Dividends from equity instruments held at FVOCI are recognized in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Foreign currency gains or losses and unrealized gains or losses from equity instruments are recognized in OCI and presented in the equity section of the statements of financial position. These fair value changes are recognized in equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company designated its quoted investments in equity securities carried at fair value as financial assets at FVOCI as disclosed in Note 6.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost

Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of a contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's liabilities arising from its trade payables to customers, payable to clearing house and accrued expense and other current liabilities excluding government liabilities, are included under this category (see Notes 12, 13 and 14)

Reclassification

The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from a difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVPL category to financial assets at amortized cost, its fair value at the reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in OCI, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVPL category to financial assets at FVOCI, its fair value at the reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount. Meanwhile, for a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at FVPL, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date.

Impairment of Financial Assets

Expected credit loss methodology

ECL represent credit losses that reflect an unbiased and probability-weighted amount which is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. ECL allowances will be measured at amounts equal to either:

- 12-month ECL
- lifetime ECL for those financial instruments which have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

The 12-month ECL is the portion of lifetime ECL that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the twelve (12) months after the reporting date. Lifetime ECL are credit losses that results from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset.

Staging assessment

For non-credit-impaired financial instruments:

Stage 1 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have not experienced a SICR since initial recognition. The Company recognizes a 12-month ECL for Stage 1 financial assets.

Stage 2 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have experienced a SICR since initial recognition. The Company recognizes a lifetime ECL for Stage 2 financial assets.

For credit-impaired financial instruments:

Financial instruments are classified as Stage 3 when there is objective evidence of impairment.

Write-off Policy

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cashflows.

Definition of "default"

The Company classifies receivables, or any financial asset as in default when it is credit impaired or becomes past due on its contractual payments for more than 90 days. As part of a qualitative assessment of whether a customer is in default, the Company considers a variety of instances that may indicate unlikeliness to pay. When such events occur, the Company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

The credit risk of a particular exposure is deemed to have increased significantly since initial recognition if, based on the Company's aging information, the borrower becomes past due for over 30 days. Further, the Company assumes that the credit risk of a financial asset, particularly on cash and equivalents and receivables from customers, clearing house and non-customers, has not increased significantly since origination if the financial asset is determined to have "low credit risk" as of the reporting date. A financial asset is considered "low credit risk" when it has an external rating equivalent to "high grade".

In subsequent reporting periods, if the credit risk of the financial instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company shall revert to recognizing a 12-month ECL.

Impairment of financial assets at Amortized Cost and FVOCI

The Company will recognize an allowance for "expected credit loss" (ECL) if there is an indication of default. ECL is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company has applied the simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on the lifetime expected credit losses. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets

A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the financial asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to pay.

Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A modification is considered substantial if the present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including net fees paid or received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is different by at least 10% from the discounted present value of remaining cash flows of the original liability.

The fair value of the modified financial liability is determined based on its expected cash flows, discounted using the interest rate at which the Company could raise debt with similar terms and conditions in the market. The difference between the carrying value of the original liability and fair value of the new liability is recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

On the other hand, if the difference does not meet the 10% threshold, the original debt is not extinguished but merely modified. In such case, the carrying amount is adjusted by the costs or fees paid or received in the restructuring.

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging

Freestanding Derivatives. For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as either:

- a) fair value hedges when hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment (except for foreign currency risk);
- cash flow hedges when hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a
 particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability, a highly probable forecast transaction
 or the foreign currency risk in an unrecognized firm commitment; or
- c) hedges of a net investment in foreign operations.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Company wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instruments, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fair Value Hedge. Derivatives classified as fair value hedges are carried at fair value with corresponding change in fair value recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The carrying amount of the hedged asset or liability is also adjusted for changes in fair value attributable to the hedged item and the gain or loss associated with that remeasurement is also recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the hedge ceases to be highly effective, hedge accounting is discontinued and the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument is amortized immediately.

The Company discontinues fair value hedge accounting if:

- a) the hedging instrument expires, is sold, is terminated or is exercised;
- b) the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting; or
- c) the Company revokes the designation.

The Company has no derivatives accounted for as a fair value hedge as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Cash Flow Hedge. Changes in the fair value of a hedging instrument that qualifies as a highly effective cash flow hedge are recognized in other comprehensive income presented in the separate statements of changes in equity. The ineffective portion is immediately recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

If the hedged cash flow results in the recognition of an asset or a liability, all gains or losses previously recognized directly in the separate statements of changes in equity are transferred and included in the initial measurement of the cost or carrying amount of the asset or liability. Otherwise, for all other cash flow hedges, gains or losses initially recognized in the separate statements of changes in equity are transferred to the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecasted transaction or recognized asset or liability affects the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the hedged ceases to be highly effective, hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. The cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been reported directly in the separate statements of changes in equity is retained until the forecasted transaction occurs. When the forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, any net cumulative gain or loss previously reported in the separate statements of changes in equity is recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The Company has no outstanding derivatives accounted for as a cash flow hedge as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Net Investment Hedge. Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation, including a hedge of a monetary item that is accounted for as part of the net investment, are accounted for in a way similar to cash flow hedges. Gains or losses on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge are recognized in other comprehensive income while any gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative value of any such gains and losses recorded in the separate statements of changes in equity is transferred to and recognized in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The Company has no hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Changes in fair values of derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized directly in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Embedded Derivatives. The Company assesses whether embedded derivatives are required to be separated from the host contracts when the Company becomes a party to the contract. An embedded derivative is separated from the host contract and accounted for as derivative if all of the following conditions are met:

- a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract;
- b) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and
- c) the hybrid or combined instrument is not recognized as FVPL.

Reassessment only occurs if there is a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required.

Embedded derivatives that are bifurcated from the host contracts are accounted for either as financial assets or financial liabilities at FVPL.

The Company has no derivatives as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The initial cost of property, furniture and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. When significant parts of property, furniture and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the furniture and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as incurred.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Condominium unit 40 years
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 years
Transportation equipment 6 years

The useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, furniture and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss in the statement of profit or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Intangible Asset

Trading Rights

Trading rights is carried at fair value. It is initially recorded at cost. It has indefinite useful life and is tested for impairment annually at the cash generating-unit level. Such intangible asset is not amortized. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to definite is made on a prospective basis. Trading rights is subsequently measured at fair value. The fair value of the asset can be determined by reference to an active market at a subsequent measurement date, the revaluation model is applied from that date. If an intangible asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase shall be credited directly to equity under the heading of revaluation surplus. However, the increase shall be recognized in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss.

If an intangible asset's carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation the decrease shall be recognized in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. However, the decrease shall be debited directly to equity under the heading of revaluation surplus to the extent of any credit balance in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

Property, furniture and equipment and trading rights are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cashgenerating units are written down to their recoverable amounts.

The estimated recoverable amount is the greater of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples or other available fair value indicators. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the estimated recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Reversal of impairment losses recognized in prior years is recorded when that there is an indication that the impairment losses recognized for the asset no longer exist or have decreased. The reversal is recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

However, the increased carrying amount of an asset due to reversal of an impairment loss is recognized to the extent that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets

An item of the property, furniture and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the derecognition of the assets (computed as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year the assets is derecognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Capital Stock

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. This includes common stocks only.

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represent cumulative balance of periodic net income or loss, dividend distribution, prior period adjustments, effect of changes in accounting policy and other capital adjustments.

Cash dividends are recognized as a liability and deducted from retained earnings when approved by the Board of Directors.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The standard requires the Company to exercise judgment, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract. The PFRS 15 establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. The five-step model is as follows:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Determine the transaction price
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract
- Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The following specific criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Commissions

The Company's main revenue is derived from commission income on trade execution service recognized at a point in time when control of the service has transferred to the customer. Transfer of control of the trade execution performance obligation generally occurs on the trade date because that is when the underlying financial instrument is identified and the pricing is agreed upon. On the trade date, the customer has obtained control of the service because it can direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset that comes from the trade execution service.

The computation of minimum commission rate is as follows for January 1, 2024 to April 17, 2024:

| Transaction Value (₱) | Minimum Commission |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| ₱100M and below | 0.00250 |
| >₱100M up to ₱500M | 0.00150 but not less than ₱250K |
| >₱500M up to ₱1B | 0.00125 but not less than ₱750K |
| >₱1B up to ₱5B | 0.00100 but not less than ₱1.25M |
| >₱5B up to ₱10B | 0.00075 but not less than ₱5M |
| >₱10B | 0.00050 but not less than ₱7.5M |

^{*} K = Thousand, M = Million, B = Billion

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Securities and Exchange Commission issued a Memorandum Circular No. 7, dated April 16, 2024, which states the removal of minimum amount of commission charged by stockbrokers to its customers for each transaction whether a purchase or sale of stocks.

The removal of the minimum amount of commission to be charged by trading participants, including brokers using online trading platforms and those performing traditional execution of trades, is deemed consistent with public interest and aligned to the objective of boosting the volume of trades in the stock market. It likewise encourages investors to actively participate in the market and allow them to engage the services of a broker of their chose based on cost preference.

This will take effect on April 18, 2024. Please note that the above rates should be exclusive of the applicable value-added tax.

Trade transactions are usually settled 2-days after the trade date (T+2 settlement rule).

Interest Income

Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Trading gains (losses) - net

Results arising from trading activities include all gains and losses from changes in fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL and gains and losses from disposal of investment securities at FVTPL.

Unrealized trading gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealized gains and losses for financial instruments which were realized in the reporting period. Realized gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVTPL are calculated using the first-in, first-out (FIFO method. It represents the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

Expenses Recognition

Expenses are recognized when it is probable that a decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in liability has occurred and the decrease in future economic benefits can be measured reliably. Expenses encompass losses as well as those expenses that arise in the course of the ordinary activities of the Company. Expenses are recognized as incurred.

Comprehensive Income

The Company uses single statement of comprehensive income, in which it presents all items of income and expense recognized in the period.

Related Party Relationships and Transactions

Related party relationship exists when (a) a person or a close member of that person's family has control or joint control, has significant influence or is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or a parent of the reporting entity. (b) An entity is related to the Company if, the entity and the Company are members of the same group, one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity, both entities are joint ventures of the same third party, one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third party, an entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Company, the entity is controlled or joint controlled by a person who has control or joint control over the Company and a person as identified in (a) above has significant influence over the entity is a member of the key management personnel of the entity or of a parent of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the entity. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationships, and not merely to the legal form.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits (such as health services and childcare services) are recognized as employee benefit expense and accrued when the associated services are rendered by the employee of the Company. Other employee benefits include Social Security System, Philhealth and other contributions.

Retirement Cost

The Company does not have an established retirement plan and only conforms to the minimum regulatory benefit under the Retirement Pay Law (Republic Act No. 7641) which is of the defined benefit type and provides a retirement benefit equal to 22.5 days pay for every year of credited service. The regulatory benefit is paid in a lump sum upon retirement.

The retirement cost of the Company is determined by applying the Accrued Benefit Cost Method taking into account the factors of investment, mortality, disability and salary projection rate.

The amended PAS 19(R) simplifies the reporting of the defined benefit cost by introducing the Net Interest Approach, which disaggregates the defined benefit cost into the following components: Service cost, Net interest and Remeasurements.

Under the Net Interest Approach, Service Cost and Net Interest on the defined benefit liability (asset) are both recognized in profit or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, while remeasurements of the defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized outside profit or loss in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

It is further required by Amended PAS 19 (R) that remeasurements recognized in OCI shall not be reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period. However, the Company may transfer those amounts recognized in OCI within equity.

Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short term leases. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Income Taxes

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position date where the company operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognized on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Value-added Tax (VAT)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the VAT incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the tax authority, in which case the VAT is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included.

Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted loss per share amount is calculated by dividing net loss by the number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the number of ordinary shares outstanding that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when present obligations will probably lead to an outflow of economic resources and they can be estimated reliably even if the timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. A present obligation arises from the presence of a legal or constructive commitment that has resulted from past events.

Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the financial position date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Any reimbursement expected to be received in the course of settlement of the present obligation is recognized, if virtually certain as a separate asset, not exceeding the amount of the related provision. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

whole. In addition, long-term provisions are discounted to their present values, where time value of money is material. Provisions are reviewed at each financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

In those cases where the possible outflow of economic resource as a result of present obligations is considered probable or remote, or the amount to be provided for cannot be measured reliably, no liability is recognized in the financial statements.

Probable inflows of economic benefits that do not yet meet the recognition criteria of an asset are considered contingent assets, hence, are not recognized in the financial statements.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities represent possible obligations whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. They are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events After the Reporting Date

The Company identifies post year-end events as events that occurred after the reporting date but before the date when the financial statements were authorized for issue. Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the financial statements when material.

Comparatives

When necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the changes in the presentation of the current year.

3. Management Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with PFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about the significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following:

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Determination of Functional Currency
The Company has determined that its functional currency is the Philippine Peso. The determination of the functional currency was based on the primary economic environment in which the Company generates cash.

b) Classification of Financial Instruments

The Company classifies a financial instrument, or its component parts, on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument. In addition, the Company also determines and evaluates its intention and ability to keep the investments until its maturity date.

The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, and the management's intention and ability to hold the financial instrument to maturity generally governs its classification in the statements of financial position.

The classification of the Company's financial instruments is presented in Note 2.

c) Determination of lease term of contracts with renewal option — Company as a lessee The Company has several lease contracts that include renewal option. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customization to the leased asset).

Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty as at the date of financial position that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

a) Estimating credit losses on receivables

The Company reviews its receivable from clearing house and customers on a periodic basis to assess their impairment at an individual level. In assessing for impairment, the Company determines whether there is any objective evidence indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows of its receivables.

Factors considered in individual assessment are payment history, past-due status and term. The methodology and assumptions used for individual assessment are based on management's judgment and estimate. The amount and timing of recognizing credit loss for any period would differ if the Company made different assumptions or utilized different estimates. An increase in allowance for credit losses would decrease net profit and total assets.

As provided in the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 52.1, every broker dealer shall establish appropriate allowance for credit losses and the basis for such computation of the allowance shall be properly disclosed. The SEC or the PSE shall have the prerogative to determine the reasonableness of such receivable valuation taking into consideration the GAAP and industry practices.

Impairment provisions for trade receivables are recognized based on the simplified approach within PFRS 9 using the lifetime expected credit losses. During this process the probability of the non-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

payment of the trade receivables is assessed. This probability is then multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the lifetime expected credit loss for the trade receivables. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate provision account with the loss being recognized within operating expenses in the statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income.

On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collectible, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

Impairment provisions for receivables from related parties and loans to related parties are recognized based on a forward looking expected credit loss model. The methodology used to determine the amount of the provision is based on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial asset. For those where the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve month expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognized. For those for which credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime expected credit losses along with the gross interest income are recognized. For those that are determined to be credit impaired, lifetime expected credit losses along with interest income on a net basis are recognized.

The carrying amounts of the Company's receivable from customers and receivable from clearing house are shown and disclosed in Notes 7 and 8.

The Company has assessed that there is no need to provide for any allowance for credit losses on its receivables as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 as the Company is following the T+3 settlement rule.

b) Estimated Useful Lives (EUL) of Property and Equipment

The Company annually reviews the EUL of property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use and updates if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, and technical or commercial obsolescence. It is possible that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned.

The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are disclosed in Note 2 which showed no changes in 2024 and 2023.

The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment would increase recorded operating expenses and decrease non-current assets.

The carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation of the Company's property and equipment are disclosed in Note 10.

c) Impairment on financial asset at FVOCI

The Company determines that financial asset at FVOCI are impaired where there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. This determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. The Company treats "significant" generally as 20% or more of the original cost of investment, and prolonged as greater than 12 months. In making this judgment, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in price.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition, impairment may be appropriate where there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flows.

No impairment loss has been recognized by the Company on its financial asset at FVOCI for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The value of the Company's financial asset at FVOCI are shown and disclosed in Note 6.

d) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Company assesses impairment on assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to the expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends;
- permanent decline in fair value of the asset:
- market interest rates or other market rates of return on investments have increased during the period, and those increases are likely to affect the discount rate used in calculating the assets value in use and decrease the asset's recoverable amount materially.

If any indicator exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, none of these indicators exist on the Company's property and equipment.

e) Trading Rights

Trading rights is reviewed and tested whenever there is indication of impairment and at least at each statement of financial position date.

f) Deferred Income Tax Assets

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of deferred income tax assets as at the date of financial position and reduces deferred income tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized. The management assessment on the recognition of deferred income tax assets on deductible temporary differences is based on the level and timing of forecasted taxable income of the subsequent periods. This forecast is based on the Company's past results and future expectations on revenues and expenses as well as future tax planning strategies. However, there is no assurance that the Company will generate sufficient taxable profit to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized.

g) Present Value of Retirement Benefit Obligation

The cost of the defined benefit pension plan and the present value of the pension obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The valuation results are based on the employee data as of valuation dates as provided by the Company. The discount rate assumption is based on the PDEx (PDST-R2) benchmark market yields on government bonds as of the valuation dates (or latest available) considering the average years of remaining working life of the employees as the estimated term of the benefit obligation.

h) Contingencies

The Company currently has various legal claims. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the Company's defense relating to these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Company currently does not believe that these claims will have a material adverse effect on its financial position and results of operations.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Cash in banks | ₱112,720,422 | ₱112,230,598 |
| Temporary cash investments | 12,604,361 | 12,000,000 |
| Petty cash | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| | ₱125,344,783 | ₱124,250,598 |

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates. Temporary cash investments are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the Company's immediate cash requirements, and earn interest at the prevailing temporary cash investment rates. Interest income earned using the effective interest rate method from the account amounted to ₱762,037 and ₱762,858 in 2024 and 2023, respectively (see Note 23).

In compliance with Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 49.2 covering customer protection and custody of Securities, the Company maintains a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of its customers. Reserve requirement is determined on a monthly basis using SEC prescribed computation. The bank account has a balance of \$\mathbb{P}93,083,679\$ and \$\mathbb{P}84,338,722\$ for the years 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company's reserve account is adequate to cover its reserve requirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Equities in the PHISIX | ₱ 1,288,598 | ₱ 1,914,755 |
| Equities outside the PHISIX | 10,259,388 | 8,461,555 |
| | ₱11,547,986 | ₱10,376,310 |

The Company recognized loss on sale on financial assets at FVPL amounting to (\$\mathbb{P}13,567\$) for the year 2024 and (\$\mathbb{P}20,329\$) in 2023. This is presented under "Revenues" in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. (see Note 19)

Cash dividends declared and received on financial assets at FVPL amounting to ₱181,212 and ₱2,559,987 for December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

6. Financial Assets at FVOCI

Financial assets at FVOCI that consist of listed/unlisted equity shares which are measured at *fair market value* and *at cost* are as follows:

| Year ended December 31, 2024 | No. of Shares | Market Value | Investments at Market Value | Investments at Cost | Unrealized gain, net |
|--|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Quoted equity shares measured at fair value | | | | | 5 , |
| The Philippine Stock Exchange | 240,000 | 164 | ₱39,360,000 | ₱2,520,000 | ₱27,630,000 |
| Unquoted proprietary share measured at cost | | | | | |
| Tagaytay Highlands Golf Club, Inc. | 1 | _ | 400,000 | 400,000 | _ |
| Total market value | | | ₱39,760,000 | ₱2,920,000 | ₱27,630,000 |

Financial assets at FVOCI that consist of listed/unlisted equity shares which are measured at *fair market value* and *at cost* are as follows:

| Year ended | No. of | Market | Investments at | Investments | Unrealized |
|--|---------|--------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| December 31, 2023 | Shares | Value | Market Value | at Cost | gain , net |
| Quoted equity shares measured at fair value The Philippine Stock Exchange | 240,000 | 170 | ₱40,800,000 | ₱2,520,000 | ₱28,710,000 |
| Unquoted proprietary share measured at cost | | | | | |
| Tagaytay Highlands Int'lGolf Club, Inc. | 1_ | | 400,000 | 400,000 | _ |
| Total market value | | | ₱41,200,000 | ₱2,920,000 | ₱28,710,000 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The unrealized fair value gain on financial assets at FVOCI amounting to ₱27,630,000 and ₱28,710,000 were taken to equity in 2024 and 2023 net of related deferred tax liabilities amounting to ₱9,210,000 and ₱9,570,000, respectively. (See Note 15)

Roll-forward analysis of the change in value of financial assets at FVOCI:

| | 2024 | 2023 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Balance, January 1 | ₱41,200,000 | ₱38,320,000 | |
| Unrealized fair value (loss) gain | | | |
| on financial assets at FVOCI | (1,440,000) | 2,880,000 | |
| | ₱39,760,000 | ₱41,200,000 | |

7. Receivable from Customers

These accounts include amounts due on cash transactions. The securities owned by customers are held as collateral for amounts receivable from customers, which are due within one year from the respective statements of financial position dates. Eligible collaterals are listed and traded shares in the PSE and lodged with the Philippine Depository and Trust Corporation (PDTC) under the account of the Company.

The following tables show the aging analysis of the Company's receivable from customers and non-customers:

| 2024 | 2024 Collateral exposure (net of haircut) after collateral | | Allowance for expected credit losses | Net receivables | |
|------------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| T to T+1 of counterparty | ₱813,951,78 3 | ₱(805,734,409) | P- | ₱8,217,374 | |
| T+2 to T+12 of counterparty | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| T+13 to T+30 of counterparty | 426 | (426) | _ | _ | |
| Beyond T+13 of counterparty | _ | | | _ | |
| | ₱813,952,209 | ₱(805,734,835) | P- | ₱8,217,374 | |

| 2023 | Collateral (net of haircut) | Counterparty exposure after collateral | Allowance for expected credit losses | Net receivables from customers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| T. T. 1 C. | | | | |
| T to T+1 of counterparty | ₱339,984,744 | ₱(339,454,187) | ₱– | ₱ 530,557 |
| T+2 to T+12 of counterparty | _ | _ | _ | |
| T+13 to T+30 of counterparty | 26,411 | (26,338) | _ | 73 |
| Beyond T+13 of counterparty | | | | <u> </u> |
| | ₱340,011,155 | ₱(339,480,525) | ₱_ | ₱530,630 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Receivables as to collateral are as follows:

| | 2024 | | 2 | 023 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|
| | Debit | bit Market Value I | | Market Value |
| | Balances | of Securities | Balances | of Securities |
| Cash and fully secured accounts: | | | | |
| More than 250% | ₱8,217,37 4 | ₱1,159,686,141 | ₱530,630 | ₱479,800,969 |
| Between 200% and 250% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Between 100% and 150% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Less than 100% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Unsecured | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Less: Allowance for | | | | |
| expected credit losses | _ | _ | | _ |
| | ₱8,217,374 | ₱1,159,686,141 | ₱530,630 | ₱ 479,800,969 |

The fair value of these short-term financial assets was not individually determined as the carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair values.

Trade receivables from margin customers have no specific credit terms but customers are required to maintain the value of their collateral within a specific level. Once the value of the collateral falls down this level, customers may either deposit additional collateral or sell stocks to cover the deficiency in their account balance. Meanwhile, receivables from post-paid customers are required to be settled on three (3) trading days' term.

The trade receivables balances become demandable upon failure of the customer to duly comply with these requirements. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, trade receivables from customers are fully covered by collateral, hence very minimal allowance for credit losses is provided.

8. Receivable from Clearing House

Receivables from clearing house represents the net amount receivable on the sales and purchases of securities made on the trading floor of the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. with the banks and payments must be received after two (2) days from the consummation of the transactions.

The Company's receivables from clearing house amounted to nil and ₱7,498,299 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

These are noninterest-bearing and are collected on three (3) trading days' term following the settlement convention of Philippines clearing house.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Prepayments and Other Current Assets

This account consists of the following:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Receivable from BIR | ₱ 369,324 | ₱ 399,859 |
| Deferred charges - MCIT | 156,637 | 227,726 |
| Loans and advances (Note 27) | 127,403 | 253,000 |
| Prepaid expenses | 191,249 | 220,601 |
| Utility deposits | 23,000 | 39,248 |
| Input tax | 63,851 | 62,836 |
| Other current assets | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Other receivable | 2,622,890 | 3,922 |
| | ₱3,559,354 | ₱1,212,192 |

10. Property and Equipment

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation and amortization at the beginning and end of December 31, 2024 are shown below.

| | | | Office Furniture | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|
| | Condominium | Transportation | Fixtures and | |
| | Unit | Equipment | Equipment | Total |
| Cost | | | | |
| At beginning of year | ₱26,345,73 6 | ₱3,274,590 | ₱8,507,856 | ₱38,128,182 |
| Acquisition | | | | |
| At end of year | 26,345,736 | 3,274,590 | 8,507,856 | 38,128,182 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | |
| At beginning of year | 9,148,334 | 3,274,590 | 8,332,438 | 20,755,362 |
| Depreciation | 658,644 | _ | 2,418 | 661,062 |
| At end of year | 9,806,978 | 3,274,590 | 8,334,856 | 21,416,424 |
| Net book value | | | | |
| as at December 31, 2023 | ₱16,538,758 | | ₱ 173,000 | ₱16,711,758 |

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation and amortization at the beginning and end of December 31, 2023 are shown below.

| | Condominium | Transportation | Fixtures and | |
|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|
| | Unit | Equipment | Equipment | Total |
| Cost | | | | |
| At beginning of year | ₱26,345,736 | ₱3,274,590 | ₱8,507,856 | ₱38,128,182 |
| Acquisition | | _ | _ | _ |
| At end of year | 26,345,736 | 3,274,590 | 8,507,856 | 38,128,182 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | |
| At beginning of year | 8,489,691 | 3,274,590 | 8,321,858 | 20,086,139 |
| Depreciation | 658,643 | | 10,580 | 669,223 |
| At end of year | 9,148,334 | 3,274,590 | 8,332,438 | 20,755,362 |
| Net book value | | | | |
| as at December 31, 2023 | ₱17,197,402 | ₱- | ₱ 175,418 | ₱17,372 , 820 |

Fully depreciated assets still in use amounted to ₱3,624,153 in 2024 and 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. Trading Rights

Under the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) rules, all exchange membership seats are pledged at its full value to the PSE to secure the payment of all debts due to other members of the exchange arising out of or in connection with the present or future member's contracts. The latest selling price of the membership stock exchange seat, as provided by the PSE amounts to ₱8 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In 2001, the demutualization or conversion of PSE into a stock corporation was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) effective August 8, 2001. Each membership seat will be exchanged for shares of stock of PSE. In accordance with the conversion, PSE will issue 9.2 million shares with a par value of ₱1 per share out of the members' contribution of ₱286.6 million. Thus, each of the 184 members/brokers will subscribe to a total of 50,000 shares of stocks with a par value of ₱1 per share. The balance of members' contribution of ₱277.4 million will be treated as additional paid-in surplus in the financial statements of PSE.

In addition to the shares, each member will receive a Certificate of Trading Right to maintain their continued access to the trading floor of PSE. The Right can be assigned and transferred by the members.

PSE, however, will not issue shares of stocks for the value of its donated assets. The donated assets consisting of two (2) pieces of real property located in Makati and Pasig City, where its trading floors are located, are subject to restrictions on their transferability.

The effects of the conversion plan specifically on the separate valuation of the ownership of the exchange seat and the trading rights have been recognized in the Company's financial statements.

The Company received a 100% stock dividend recorded last September 26, 2008 and received on October 22, 2008, Certificate No. 00105.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying value of the trading rights amounted to ₱8,000,000, respectively.

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Cost | ₱ 1,782,000 | ₱1,782,000 |
| Revaluation surplus (Note 19) | 6,218,000 | 6,218,000 |
| Market value | P8,000,000 | ₱8,000,000 |

The revaluation surplus amounting to ₱6,218,000 were taken to equity in 2024 and 2023 net of related deferred tax liabilities amounting to ₱1,554,500 in 2024 and 2023.

12. Payable to Customers

This account consists of:

| | 2024 | | 20 | 23 |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | Money balance | Security valuation | Money balance | Security valuation |
| With money balance | ₱92,278,278 | ₱1,066,670,892 | ₱89,450,096 | ₱ 907,613,216 |
| No money balance | | 2,897,563,892 | | 3,244,767,337 |
| | ₱92,278,278 | ₱3,964,234,784 | ₱89,450,096 | ₱4,152,380,553 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. Payable to Clearing House

Payable to clearing organization represents the net amount payable on the sales and purchases of securities made on the trading floor of the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. with the banks and payments must be received after two (2) days from the consummation of the transactions.

The Company's payable to clearing organization amounted to ₱5,121,198 and nil as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company's payable to clearing organization is due within one year from the respective statement of financial position dates.

14. Accrued Expense and Other Current Liabilities

This consists of the following:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------|------------|------------|
| Dividends payable | ₱2,298,555 | ₱2,303,415 |
| Due to BIR | 209,882 | 257,369 |
| Accrued expenses | 189,909 | 169,257 |
| Others | 63,400 | 67,270 |
| | ₱2,761,746 | ₱2,797,311 |

15. Deferred Tax Liabilities - Net

Details of the Deferred Tax Liabilities (net):

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|-----------------------|---------------|
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| Retirement benefits obligation (net of OCI) (Note 22) | ₱ 3,759,025 | ₱ 3,456,029 |
| Actuarial gain - defined benefits obligation (OCI) (Note 22) | 610,407 | 306,367 |
| Net operating loss carry over (NOLCO) | 17,240,019 | 11,558,697 |
| | ₱ 21,609,451 | ₱ 15,321,093 |
| Deferred tax liabilty | | - |
| Unrealiazed fair value gain on financial assets at FVOCI (Note | ₱ 36,840,000 | ₱ 38,280,000 |
| Revaluation surplus (Note 18) | 6,218,000 | 6,218,000 |
| Unrealized fair value gain on financial assets at FVPL | 964,706 | 684,756 |
| | ₱ 44,022,706 | ₱ 45,182,756 |
| Net | ₱ (22,413,255) | ₱(29,861,663) |
| Tax rate | 25% | 25% |
| | ₱ (5,603,314) | ₱ (7,465,416) |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The movements in the deferred income tax account in 2024 are summarized as follows:

| | At January 1 | Charged to profit or loss | Charged to other comprehensive income | At December 31 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Retirement benefits | | | | |
| obligation (net of OCI) | ₱ 864,007 | ₽ 75,749 | ₱– | ₱ 939,756 |
| Unrealized fair value loss | | | | , |
| on financial assets at FVPL | (171,190) | (69,987) | _ | (241,177) |
| Actuarial loss (gain) - | | | | |
| defined benefit obligation | | | | |
| (OCI) | 76,592 | _ | 76,010 | 152,602 |
| Net operating loss carry | | | , | |
| over (NOLCO) | 2,889,675 | 1,420,330 | _ | 4,310,005 |
| Unrealized gain on | | | | -, , , |
| financial assets at FVOCI | (9,570,000) | _ | 360,000 | (9,210,000) |
| Revaluation surplus | (1,554,500) | | _ | (1,554,500) |
| Total | ₱(7,465,416) | ₱1,426,09 2 | ₱ 436,010 | ₱(5,603,314) |

The movements in the deferred income tax account in 2023 are summarized as follows:

| | | | | | Charged to other | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|------------|---------|-----------|------------------|--------|-----------|
| | | | Charged | to profit | comprehensive | | |
| | At | January 1 | or l | oss | income | At Dec | ember 31 |
| Retirement benefits | | | | | | | |
| obligation (net of OCI) | ₱ | 783,003 | ₽ | 81,004 | ₱- | . ₱ | 864,007 |
| Unrealized fair value loss | | | | | | | , |
| on financial assets at FVPL | | (28,843) | (| 142,347) | _ | - | (171,190) |
| Actuarial loss (gain) - | | | | | | | |
| defined benefit obligation | | | | | | | |
| (OCI) | | 107,859 | | _ | (31,267) | l | 76,592 |
| Net operating loss carry | | | | | · , , | | , |
| over (NOLCO) | | 1,446,833 | 1. | 442,842 | _ | | 2,889,675 |
| Unrealized gain on | | | • | | | | _,, |
| financial assets at FVOCI | (8 | 3,850,000) | | _ | (720,000) | (9 | ,570,000) |
| Revaluation surplus | (1 | ,554,500) | | | _ | (1 | ,554,500) |
| Total | ₱(8 | ,095,648) | ₱1, | 381,500 | ₱(751,267) | ₱(7 | ,465,416) |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The details of NOLCO and its corresponding deferred tax asset as of December 31 are as follows:

| 2 | | | Deferred | | Deferred |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Year of | Year of | NOLCO | tax asset | NOLCO | tax asset |
| Incurrence | Expiration | 2024 | 2024 | 2023 | 2023 |
| 2020 | 2025 | 2,244,409 | 561,102 | 2,244,409 | 561,102 |
| 2022 | 2025 | 3,542,922 | 885,731 | 3,542,922 | 885,731 |
| 2023 | 2026 | 5,771,366 | 1,442,842 | 5,771,366 | 1,442,842 |
| 2024 | 2027 | 5,681,322 | 1,420,330 | | |
| Total | | ₱17,240,019 | ₱ 4,310,005 | ₱11 , 558,697 | ₱2,889,674 |
| Utilization | | _ | | | |
| Expired NOLC | CO | - | _ | | |
| Remaining NO | LCO/ | | | | |
| Deferred tax | x asset | ₱17,240,019 | ₱4,310,005 | ₱11,558,697 | ₱ 2, 889,67 4 |

16. Share Capital

This account consists of:

| | Shares | | | Amount |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 |
| Common stock - P100 par value | | | | |
| Authorized | 800,000 | 800,000 | ₱80,000,000 | ₱80,000,000 |
| Issued and outstanding | 560,000 | 560,000 | ₱56,000,000 | ₱56,000,000 |

The Company has seven (7) shareholders each owning 100 shares or more of the Company's capital stock as at the date of statement of financial position.

Holders of these shares are entitled to dividends as declared and are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company.

17. Retained Earnings

Unappropriated

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| At January 1 | ₱8,598,071 | ₱10,555,047 |
| Net loss for the year | (2,650,312) | (1,956,976) |
| | ₱ 5,947,759 | ₱8,598,071 |

Appropriated for Reserve Fund

Under Securities Regulation Code No.49.1 (B), Reserve Fund of such circular requires that every broker dealer shall annually appropriate a certain minimum percentage of its audited profit after tax and transfer the same to Appropriated Retained Earnings. Minimum appropriation shall be 30%, 20% and 10% of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No appropriation of retained earnings was made in 2024 and 2023 since the Company had incurred net loss from its operations.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the appropriated retained earnings amounted to ₱9,223,834.

Other Comprehensive Income accumulated in Reserves, Net of Tax

| | Fair value surplus | Retained earnings |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| 2024 | | |
| Financial assets at FVOCI | | |
| net loss in fair value | ₱(1,080,000) | ₱– |
| Actuarial loss - defined benefit obligation | | (228,030) |
| | ₱ (1,080,000) | ₱(228,030) |
| | | |
| 2023 | | |
| Financial assets at FVOCI | | |
| net gain in fair value | ₱ 2,160,000 | ₱_ |
| Actuarial gain - defined benefit obligation | | 93,800 |
| | ₱ 2,160,000 | ₱ 93,800 |

18. Revaluation Surplus

Revaluation surplus relates to the excess of fair value of the trading rights over that of the carrying amount of the rights revalued. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023 the Company's revaluation surplus amounted to \$\mathbb{P}4,663,500\$ (net of tax).

Fair Value Surplus

The fair value surplus comprises of the cumulative net change in fair value of intangible assets until the assets are derecognized or impaired.

19. Revenues and Other Income

This account consists of:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| Revenues | | |
| Commissions | ₽ 6,475,374 | ₱6,505,002 |
| Other income | | |
| Dividend income (Notes 5 and 7) | 181,212 | 2,559,987 |
| Realized fair value (loss) gain | | |
| on financial assets at FVPL (Note 5) | (13,567) | (20,329) |
| Miscellaneous income | 126 | _ |
| Unrealized fair value gain on financial | | |
| assets at FVPL (Note 15) | 964,706 | 684,756 |
| | ₱7,607,851 | ₱9,729,416 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20. Cost of Services

This account consists of:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Commissions | ₱2,153,298 | ₱1,707,801 |
| Phil. Stock Exchange dues and fees | 1,015,707 | 902,096 |
| Phil. Central Depository fees | 514,488 | 505,550 |
| SCCP dues and fees | 35,558 | 35,995 |
| | ₱3,719,051 | ₱3,151,442 |

21. Operating Expenses

This account consists of:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|------------|--------------------|
| Salaries and employees benefits (Note 22) | ₱5,143,241 | ₱ 5,194,906 |
| Depreciation (Note 10) | 661,062 | 669,224 |
| Condominium dues | 643,654 | 726,744 |
| Light and water | 418,217 | 267,954 |
| Communications | 315,115 | 344,648 |
| Rent expense | 262,000 | 240,000 |
| Taxes and licenses (Note 30) | 243,784 | 419,755 |
| Transportation | 224,443 | 409,021 |
| Legal and audit fees | 205,000 | 281,849 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 180,506 | 162,476 |
| Insurance | 123,292 | 461,660 |
| Office supplies | 107,674 | 108,446 |
| Representation and entertainment | 95,479 | 20,000 |
| Membership dues and fees | 51,000 | 51,000 |
| Bank charges | 18,200 | 17,130 |
| Miscellaneous | 65,258 | 53,800 |
| | ₱8,757,925 | ₱9,428,613 |

Miscellaneous expenses include expenses of personnel like meals, medicines, call cards and other basic allowances incurred by employees.

22. Salaries and Employees Benefits

This account consists of the following:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| Salaries, wages and bonuses | ₱4,612,822 | ₱4,641,958 |
| Retirement benefits expense | 302,996 | 324,016 |
| SSS/Medicare and ECC Premium | 164,947 | 180,625 |
| Philhealth insurance | 43,076 | 37,707 |
| Pag-ibig fund | 19,400 | 10,600 |
| | ₱5,143,241 | ₱5,194 , 906 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Employees Benefits

The Company does not have an established formal retirement plan and only conforms to the minimum regulatory benefit under the Retirement Pay Law (Republic Act No. 7641) which is of the defined benefit type and provides a retirement benefits equal to 22.5 days pay for every year of credited service. The regulatory benefit is paid in a lump sum upon retirement.

There are no unusual or significant risks to which the retirement benefits obligation exposes the Company. However, it should be noted that in the event a benefit claim arises under the retirement benefits obligation, the benefit shall immediately be due and payable from the Company. There was no plan amendment, curtailment or settlement recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The principal assumptions used in determining pensions for the Company were as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Discount rate | 6.00% | 6.45% |
| Salary increase rate | 3.00% | 3.00% |

The movement in the present value of defined benefits obligation is summarized as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Defined benefits obligation, beginning | ₱3,762,396 | ₱3,563,447 |
| Interest expense | 242,675 | 270,466 |
| Current service cost | 60,321 | 53,550 |
| Actuarial (gain) loss - changes in financial assumptions | 48,649 | 81,947 |
| Actuarial (gain) loss - experience | 255,391 | (207,014) |
| Defined benefits obligation, ending | ₱4,369,432 | ₱3,762,396 |

The plan status is as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Defined benefits obligation, ending | ₱4,369,432 | ₱3,762,396 |
| Fair value of plan assets, ending | _ | |
| Funded status - deficit | ₱4,369,432 | ₱3,762,396 |

Net defined benefit liability recognized in the statement of financial position is as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Defined benefits obligation, ending | ₱ 4,369,432 | ₱3,762,396 |
| Fair value of plan assets, ending | - | _ |
| Funded status - deficit | 4,369,432 | 3,762,396 |
| Effect of the asset ceiling | _ | |
| Net defined benefit liability | ₽ 4,369,432 | ₱3,762,396 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Defined benefit cost recognized in profit or loss:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Current service cost | ₱ 60,321 | ₱ 53,550 |
| Interest expense in DBO | 242,675 | 270,466 |
| Defined benefit cost | ₱ 302,996 | ₱ 324,016 |

Defined benefit cost recognized in other comprehensive income:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Accumulated other comprehensive income, beginning | ₱ 306,367 | ₱ 431.434 |
| Actuarial (gains) losses - DBO | 304,040 | (125,067) |
| Remeasurement (gain) losses - plan assets | | _ |
| Remeasurement (gain) loss - changes | | |
| in the effect of the asset ceiling | _ | _ |
| Defined benefit cost in OCI - Expense | 304,040 | (125,067) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income, ending* | ₱ 610,407 | ₱ 306,367 |
| | | |

^{*}The amounts shown in the statements of changes in equity were net of income tax effect on actuarial loss. Total accumulated actuarial losses on employees' benefit obligation amounted to ₱457,805 and ₱229,775 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Movement in net defined benefit liability is summarized below:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Beginning net defined benefit liability | ₱3,762,396 | ₱3,563,447 |
| Defined benefit cost recognized in profit and loss | 302,996 | 324,016 |
| Defined benefit cost recognized in OCI - expense | 304,040 | (125,067) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income(loss), ending | ₱4,369,432 | ₱3,762,396 |

Sensitivity analysis, year-end defined benefit obligation (DBO)

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|---------------------|------------------|
| Decrease in DBO due to 100bps increase in discount rate | ₱(104,829) ; (2.4%) | ₱(72,428);(1.9%) |
| Increase in DBO due to 100bps increase in discount rate | 117,780 ; 2.7% | 81,185; 2.2% |
| Increase in DBO due to 100bps increase in salary increase rate | 120,187 ; 2.8% | 83,216 ; 2.2% |
| Decrease in DBO due to 100bps increase in salary increase rate | (108,704) ; (2.5%) | (75,410); (2.0%) |
| Increase in DBO, no attrition rates | 22,771; 0.5% | 519,516 ; 13.8% |

The Company, Solar Securities, Inc., does not have a formal retirement plan and is therefore still unfunded. The Company has no plan assets to match against the liabilities under the post-employment benefits.

Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------|------|
| Weighted average duration of the DBO (years) | 2.5 | 2.0 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Expected payment of benefits

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|
| Financial year | | |
| 2025 | ₱2,513,793 | ₱ 2,513,793 |
| 2026 | 639,809 | 582,628 |
| 2027-2034 | 1,199,600 | 941,783 |

Statistical distribution of eligible members

| | Male | Female |
|-------------------------------|------|--------|
| Number of lives covered | 5 | 4 |
| Average age in years | 47.4 | 48.7 |
| Average years of past service | 16.1 | 18.7 |

23. Finance Income

This account consists of:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Interest income (Note 4) | ₱762 , 037 | ₱ 762,858 |

24. Loss per Share

The computation of basic loss per share is computed as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Net loss | ₱2,650,314 | ₱1,956,976 |
| Divided by number of shares outstanding | 560,000 | 560,000 |
| Basic loss per share | ₱4.73 | ₱3.49 |

There were no potential dilutive shares in 2024 and 2023.

25. Provision for Income Tax

Provision for income tax expense consists of the following:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Current | | |
| Corporate income tax | ₱_ | ₱_ |
| Final tax on interest income | 135,966 | 157,745 |
| Deferred | (1,592,742) | (288,550) |
| Provision for income tax | | |
| reported in the profit or loss | P(1,456,776) | ₱(130,805) |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | 2024 | 2023 | |
|---|------------------|------------|--|
| Net unrealized (gain) loss on financial assets at FVOCI | ₱360,000 | ₱(720,000) | |
| Actuarial losses - DBO | 76,010 | (31,267) | |
| Income tax expense reported in OCI | ₱ 436,010 | ₱(751,267) | |

The deferred portion as shown in the income tax expense (benefit) reported in the profit or loss consists of the following:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Deferred | | |
| Retirement expense | ₽ 75,749 | ₱ 81,004 |
| Unrealized fair value gain on FAFVPL | (349,784) | 950,674 |
| NOLCO for the year | (1,420,331) | (1,442,842) |
| Expired MCIT | 101,624 | 122,614 |
| | ₱(1,592,742) | ₱(288,550) |

A reconciliation of income tax expense (benefit) computed at the statutory income tax rate to the actual income tax reflected in the statements of profit of loss and other comprehensive income at December 31 is as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Income tax at statutory rate of 25% | ₱ (1,026,772) | ₱(521,945) |
| Deduct reconciling item | | , , |
| Nondeductible expenses | 46,985 | 1,393,041 |
| Non taxable income | (241,177) | (171,189) |
| Income subject to final tax | (190,509) | (190,715) |
| Income not subject to tax | (45,303) | (639,997) |
| | ₱ (1,456,776) | ₱(130,805) |

Revenue Regulation No. 10-2002 defines expenses to be classified as entertainment, amusement and recreation (EAR) expenses and sets a limit for the amount that is deductible for tax purposes, at 1% of net revenues for sellers of services.

26. Related Party Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related entities of the Company. Key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related entities.

Transactions between related parties are accounted for on the same terms as with other individuals and businesses of comparable risk. In considering each possible related entity relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Significant transactions carried out with related parties follow:

| | | | Transactions for ended Dec | | Outstanding ba | lances as of ecember 31 |
|--|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------|----------------|----------------------------|
| | Nature of | | | | | |
| Related Party | Transaction | Terms | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 |
| Advances to Officers and employees | Non - interest advances | Unsecured, unimpaired and will be settled in cash and no fixed terms of payment | ₱ (125,597) | ₱36,900 | ₱127,403 | ₱253,000 |

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The Company considered as key management personnel all employees holding managerial positions up to the president. Key management personnel compensation amounted to ₱1,000,000 for 2024 and 2023.

The Company is not covered by the requirements and procedures for related party transactions provided under Revenue Regulation No. 34-2020.

27. Contingencies

In 2000, the SEC filed a case against 50 individuals, brokers and investment houses for alleged violations of the Revised Securities Act and certain rules of the PSE, because of their involvement in the trading of the shares of stock of Best World Resources Corporation (BW). The Department of Justice (DOJ) in a resolution dated December 18, 2000, has dismissed for lack of evidence the case against some individuals, brokers and investment houses, including the Company.

On February 24, 2001, however, the SEC refiled with the DOJ the third version of the charge sheet against 100 individuals and stockbrokers and other parties for preliminary investigation.

On a resolution dated March 8, 2002, the DOJ modified its December 18, 2000 resolution and recommended that certain respondents, including the Company, be charged in court. To date, the case is now undergoing trial before the Regional Trial Court of Pasig City. Management and its legal counsel, however, believe that all its transactions are legitimate, above board, and consistent with existing rules and regulations.

On a resolution dated January 2007, the DOJ has resolved with a recommendation, final and executory to hold respondents for trial for alleged violations of the Revised Securities Act and the Securities Regulation Code. Management and its legal counsel, however, believe that respondents will finally be exonerated and acquitted. In the early part of 2008, an officer of the Company is a party litigant in a criminal case at the pre-trial stage.

As of December 31, 2024, the officer of the Company has been found guilty beyond reasonable doubt by the Regional Trial Court (RTC). The case is on appeal with the Court of Appeals.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28. Financial Risk and Capital Risk Managements

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks which result from both its operating and investing activities. The Company's overall risk management program seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company. The policies for managing specific risks are summarized below.

Market / Price risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market risk such as, but not limited to, equity risk or the risk that the stock prices will change; interest rate risk or the risk that interest rates will change; currency risk or the risk that foreign currency will change; equity index risk or the risk that stock and other index prices will change.

Interest rate risk

The Company has no significant exposure to changes in market interest rates.

Equity price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from financial assets at FVPL and financial assets at FVOCI which consists of investments in Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) shares.

The following table shows the *sensitivity* to a reasonably possible change in the Philippine Stock Exchange Index (PSEi) taking into consideration the adjusted risk measurement of each individual stock in the Company's financial assets held for trading as of December 31:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| Change in PSEi | -27.16% | -30.51% |
| Change in trading income at equity portfolio under: | | |
| Electricity, energy, power and water | ₱(24,286) | ₱(154,465) |
| Property | (112,234) | 19,949 |
| Transportation service | 9,255 | (3,814) |
| Oil | (3) | 245 |
| Hotel | _ | (18,614) |
| Other services | (1,312) | (952) |
| Financial institutions | (1,263) | (92) |
| Casinos and gaming | (120,844) | (35,701) |
| Electrical components | 54 | 610 |
| Retail | 869 | (4,150) |
| Holding firms | (998) | (3,530) |
| Food, beverage and tobacco | (17,772) | (12,322) |
| Small and medium enterprise | 1,426 | 229 |
| Mining | 9,942 | 7,607 |
| Information technology | _ | (3,296) |
| Banks | (4,810) | 1,618 |
| | ₱ (261,976) | ₱(206,678) |

The assumed change in rate is based on the average change in the year-end PSEi for five (5) years.

There is no other impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting profit or loss.

The financial assets at FVOCI are revalued on each reporting period end based on quoted market prices. Any resulting fair value gains or losses arising from the revaluation of the financial assets at FVOCI are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

recognized directly in the statement of other comprehensive income. Financial assets at FVOCI that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any impairment losses at end of each reporting period.

| | Number of Shares Held | Price per Share | |
|------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| 2024 | 240,000 | ₱164 | |
| 2023 | 240,000 | ₱170 | |

As of December 31, 2024, if the PSE shares price weakens by 4% with all other variable held constant, unrealized gain on AFS investment recognized in equity after deferred tax would increase by \$\bigsep\$38,118.

As of December 31, 2023, if the PSE shares price strengthens by 8% with all other variable held constant, unrealized gain on AFS investment recognized in equity after deferred tax would decrease by \$\mathbb{P}\$164,051.

The price fluctuation assumed in the sensitivity analysis represents the defined shift used by the Company to manage its equity price risk. The shift in percentage from (4%) to 8% to is brought about by the totality in PSE shares.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting from financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to this risk for various financial instruments, for example by granting loans and receivables to customers, placing deposits and investments.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the statement of financial position (or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to the financial statements) as summarized below.

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | ₱125,324,783 | ₱124,230,598 |
| Financial assets at FVPL | 11,547,986 | 10,376,310 |
| Financial assets at FVOCI | 39,760,000 | 41,200,000 |
| Receivables from: | | , , |
| Customers | 8,217,374 | 530,630 |
| Clearing House | | 7,498,299 |
| | ₱184,850,14 3 | ₱183,835,837 |

The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporate this information into its credit risk controls. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The table below shows the credit quality by class of investments, gross of allowance for credit losses as of December 31, 2024:

| | Neither Past I | Due Nor Impaired But | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|-----|----------------------|
| | Class A | Class B | Class C | Not | Total |
| Cash and cash | | | | | |
| equivalents | ₱125,324,783 | ₱– | ₱_ | ₽_ | ₱125,324,783 |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| at FVPL | 11,547,986 | _ | _ | _ | 11,547,986 |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| at FVOCI | 39,760,000 | _ | _ | _ | 39,760,000 |
| Receivables from: | | | | | |
| Customers | 8,217,374 | _ | _ | _ | 8,217,374 |
| Clearing house | _ | _ | - | - | |
| | ₱184,850,143 | ₽– | ₱_ | ₱_ | ₱184,850,14 3 |

The table below shows the credit quality by class of investments, gross of allowance for credit losses as of December 31, 2023:

| | Neither Past 1 | Due Nor Impa | ired | But | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------|-----|-----------------------|
| | Class A | Class B | Class C | Not | Total |
| Cash and cash | | | | | |
| equivalents | ₱124,230,598 | ₱_ | ₽– | ₱– | ₱124,230,598 |
| Financial assets | | | | | , |
| at FVPL | 10,376,310 | _ | _ | _ | 10,376,310 |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| at FVOCI | 41,200,000 | _ | _ | _ | 41,200,000 |
| Receivables from: | | | | | |
| Customers | 530,630 | | _ | _ | 530,630 |
| Clearing house | 7,498,299 | _ | | _ | 7,498,299 |
| | ₱183,835,837 | ₱_ | ₽_ | ₱– | ₱183,835 , 837 |

Credit Quality - In monitoring and controlling credit extended to counterparty, the Company adopts a comprehensive credit rating system based on financial and non-financial assessments of its borrowers. Financial factors being considered comprised of the financial standing of the borrower while the non-financial aspects include but not limited to the assessment of the borrower's nature of business, industry background, payment habit and both present and potential business dealings with the Company.

Class A "High Grade" are accounts with strong financial capacity and business performance and with the lowest default risk.

Class B "Moderate Grade" refer to accounts of satisfactory financial capability and credit standing but with some elements of risk where certain measure of control is necessary in order to mitigate risk of default.

Class C "Low Grade" refer to accounts which are collected on their due dates provided that the Company made a persistent effort to collect them.

For the determination of credit risk, cash included in the analysis above do not include cash on hand amounting to ₱20,000 for the year 2024 and 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents

These are deposited in top ten banks in the Philippines, hence, considered high grade.

Financial assets at FVPL

High grade – Companies that are consistently profitable, have strong fundamentals and pays out dividends. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's financial assets at FVPL are classified as high grade since these are with listed companies of good reputation.

Financial assets at FVOCI

Unquoted financial assets at FVOCI are unrated, while quoted financial assets at FVOCI are assessed as high grade based on financial status of the counterparty and its current stock price performance in the market.

Receivables

Receivables from customers and non-customers are secured (for fully and partially secured) by shares of stock owned by the customers and non-customers but held by the Company. These are assessed to be of low credit risk due to its underlying collateral securities. Receivables from clearing house is guaranteed to be settled following T+3 policy.

In respect of receivables from customers, non-customers, clearing house and others, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is generally defined as the current and prospective risk to earnings or capital arising from the Company's inability to meet its obligations when they come due without recurring unacceptable losses or costs.

In the management of liquidity, the Company monitors and maintains a level of cash deemed adequate by the management to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows.

The liability to customers and/or clearing house is matched by a corresponding receivable from customers/clearing house. Liquidity risk would arise if all loans and receivables are not settled in the usual T+3 settlement period.

As at December 31, 2024, the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities which are presented below:

| | Current | | Non-current | |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | Within | Within 6 to 12 | | |
| | 6 months | months | years | Total |
| Payable to | | | | |
| Customers | ₱92,278,278 | ₱- | - ₱- | ₱92,278,278 |
| Other current liabilities | 2,361,954 | _ | | 2,361,954 |
| | ₱94,640,232 | ₱- | - ₱– | ₱94,640,232 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at December 31, 2023, the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities which are presented below:

| | Current | Current | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Within | 6 to 12 | 1 to 5 | |
| | 6 months | months | years | Total |
| Payable to | | | • | |
| Customers | ₱89,450,096 | ₽- | - ₱– | ₱89,450,096 |
| Other current liabilities | 2,370,685 | _ | - | 2,370,685 |
| | ₱ 91,820,781 | ₽ - | - ₱– | ₱91,820,781 |

The above contractual maturities reflect the gross cash flows, which may differ from the carrying values of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong capital base so as to maintain creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Company defines as net operating income divided by total shareholders' equity.

The Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) issued a memo 2009-0316 regarding rules governing trading rights and trading participants. 1) Trading participants shall have a minimum unimpaired paid-up capital, as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) of Twenty Million Pesos (₱20,000,000) effective December 31, 2009; Provided further, that effective December 31, 2010 and onwards, the minimum unimpaired paid-up capital shall be Thirty Million Pesos (₱30,000,000). Each trading participant shall pledge its trading right to the extent of its full value to secure the payment of all debts and claims due the clients of the trading participant, the government, the Exchange and to other trading participants of the Exchange and to the Securities Clearing Corporation of the Philippines. Such indebtedness to the Exchange, SCCP and other Trading Participants, shall always, and in every case, be a prior, preferred lien upon the value, or the proceeds of sale of the trading rights.

Minimum capital management

The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) passed the Amended Implementing Rules and Regulations of SEC that took effect on February 28, 2004 which provide among others, revisions in the terms and conditions for registration and subsequent renewal of license applicable to both exchange trading participants and non-exchange broker dealers as follows:

- a) To allow a net capital of P2.5 million or 2.5% Aggregate Indebtedness (AI), whichever is higher for broker dealers dealing only in proprietary shares and not holding securities;
- b) To allow the SEC to set a different net capital required for those authorized to use the Risk-Based Capital Adequacy (RBCA) model;
- c) To require unimpaired paid-up capital of ₱100.00 million for broker dealers, which are either first time registrants or those acquiring existing broker dealer firms and will participate in a registered clearing agency; ₱10.00 million plus a surety bond for existing broker dealers not engaged in market-making transactions; and ₱2.50 million for broker dealers dealing only in proprietary shares and not holding securities.

The Company is required to comply with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 16 on the Adoption of the Risk-Based Capital Adequacy Requirement/Ratio (RBCA) for Brokers Dealers. This rule was published

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

on November 13, 2004 by the Securities and Exchange Commission which took effect 15 days after its publication on November 29, 2004.

Under the pertinent provision of the Circular, it provides that every broker dealer shall ensure that its RBCA Ratio is greater than or equal to 1:1; the Core Equity must always be greater than the Operational Risk Requirement and that the broker dealer should maintain a Net Liquid Capital (NLC) of at least Five Million Pesos (₱5,000,000) or five percent (5%) of the Aggregate Indebtedness (AI) whichever is higher. Moreover, no broker dealer shall allow its aggregate indebtedness to all other persons to exceed 2,000 percent of its NLC. If the minimum RBCA Ratio and NLC are breached, every broker dealer shall immediately cease doing business and shall notify the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The RBCA Requirement/Ratio pertains to minimal level of capital that are required to be maintained by licensed firms, considering the firm size, complexity and business risks such as operational risks, position, counterparty, large exposure, underwriting and margin financing risks.

The Company is in compliance with RBCA ratio, AI to NLC and NLC requirements as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 as shown below:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|--|--|
| Equity eligible for net liquid capital Less: ineligible assets | ₱103,007,288 78,096,975 | ₱106,965,630 76,278,787 |
| Net Liquid Capital | 24,910,313 | 30,686,843 |
| Operational risk Position risk | 2,637,471 3,912,935 | 2,680,827 3,440,233 |
| Total Risk Capital Requirement | 6,550,406 | 6,121,060 |
| Aggregate Indebtedness | ₱ 99,128,290 | ₱ 92,179,528 |
| 5% of Aggregate Indebtedness Required Net Liquid Capital Net Risk-Based Capital Excess Ratio of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Liquid Capital Risk Based Capital Adequacy Ratio | ₱ 4,956,415 5,000,000 19,910,313 398% 380% | ₱ 4,608,976 5,000,000 25,686,843 300% 501% |

Ineligible asset

This pertains to fixed assets and assets which cannot be readily converted into cash.

Operational risk

It is the exposure that is associated with commencing and remaining in business arising separately from exposures covered by other risk requirements. It is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and system which include, among others, risk of fraud, operational or settlement failure and shortage of liquid resources, or from external events.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Below is the manual computation of operational risk requirement for December 31, 2024:

| Revenue | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | AVERAGE |
|--|------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Commission income | ₱6,505,002 | ₱8,847,372 | ₱14,785,613 | ₱10,045,996 |
| Interest income | 762,858 | 200,141 | 137,418 | 366,806 |
| Net recovery on market | - | , | , | , |
| decline of financial assets at FVPL | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Dividend income | 2,559,987 | 2,731,188 | 1,979,920 | 2,423,698 |
| Gain on sale of financial assets at FVPL | _ | 22,399 | 1,030,146 | 350,848 |
| Others | | 19 | _ | 6 |
| | ₱9,827,847 | ₱11,801,119 | ₱17,933,097 | ₱13,187,354 |
| Average of the Last Three Years Gross Income | | | | ₱13,187,3 5 4 |
| Multiplied by: Operational Risk Factor | | | | 20% |
| Total Operational Risk Requirement | | | | ₱2,637,471 |

Below is the manual computation of operational risk requirement for December 31, 2023:

| Revenue | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | AVERAGE |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Commission income | ₱8,847,372 | ₱14,785,613 | ₱9,637,230 | ₱11,090,072 |
| Interest income | 200,141 | 137,418 | 343,098 | 226,886 |
| Net recovery on market | | , | , | , |
| decline of financial assets at FVPL | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Dividend income | 2,731,188 | 1,979,920 | 209,610 | 1,640,239 |
| Gain on sale of financial assets at FVPL | 22,399 | 1,030,146 | 288,245 | 446,930 |
| Others | 19 | | | 6 |
| | ₱11,801,119 | ₱17,933,097 | ₱10,478,183 | ₱13,404,133 |
| Average of the Last Three Years Gross Income | | | | ₱13,404,133 |
| Multiplied by: Operational Risk Factor | | | | 20% |
| Total Operational Risk Requirement | | | | ₱2,680,827 |

Position risk

The risk in which a Broker Dealer is exposed to and arising from securities held by it as principal or in its proprietary or dealer account.

Below is the manual computation of position risk requirement as of December 31, 2024:

| | Total Market Value of Instrument | Position Risk Factors | 2024 PRR |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Equities in PHISIX | ₱ 1,288,598 | 25.00% | ₱ 322,150 |
| Other Equities outside the PHISIX | 10,259,388 | 35.00% | 3,590,786 |
| Total | ₱ 11.547.986 | 60.00% | ₱3,912,935 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Below is the manual computation of position risk requirement as of December 31, 2023:

| | Total Market Value of Instrument | Position Risk Factors | 2023 PRR | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|
| Equities in PHISIX | ₱ 1,914,755 | 25.00% | ₱ 478,689 | |
| Other Equities outside the PHISIX | 8,461,555 | 35.00% | 2,961,544 | |
| Total | ₱ 10,376,310 | 60.00% | ₱3,440,233 | |

Aggregate Indebtedness

This is the total money liabilities of a broker dealer arising in connection with any transaction whatsoever, and includes, among other things, money borrowed, money payable against securities loaned and securities that the broker dealer failed to receive, the market value of securities borrowed to the extent to which no equivalent value is paid or credited (other than the market value of margin securities borrowed from non-customers), customers and non-customers' free credit balances, and credit balances in customers' and non-customers' account having short positions in securities, but subject to certain exclusions.

The capital structure of the Company consists of equity attributable to equity holders comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

The Company's regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

29. Categories and Fair Values of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Financial Instruments Whose Carrying Amount Approximate Fair Value

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, unquoted equity securities, receivable from customers, payable to customers and payable to clearing house, which are all subject to normal trade credit terms and are short-term in nature, approximate their fair values.

Financial Assets at FVPL and Financial Assets at FVOCI

The Company's financial assets at FVPL and quoted equity securities are carried at their fair values as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. Fair value of financial assets at FVPL is based on the closing quoted prices of stock investments published by the PSE.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at December 31, 2024.

| | Fair value measurement using | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|
| | Quoted prices | Significant | Significant | |
| | in active | observable | unobservable | |
| | markets | inputs | inputs | |
| | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | Total |
| | | (In The | ousands) | |
| Assets: | | ` | , | |
| Financial assets at FVPL | | | | |
| Equities in the PHISIX | ₱ 1,289 | ₱– | . ₱ | ₱ 1 ,28 9 |
| Equities outside the PHISIX | 10,259 | _ | _ | 10,259 |
| | ₱11.548 | ₱- | . ₱_ | ₱11.548 |
| Financial assets at FVOCI | | | | |
| Quoted equity securities | | | | |
| Other financial institution sector | 39,360 | _ | <u> </u> | 39,360 |
| <u> </u> | ₱ 50,908 | ₱_ | . ₱_ | ₱50,908 |

There are no financial instruments carried at fair value under Levels 2 and 3 during the year.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at December 31, 2023.

| | Fair value measurement using | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Quoted prices | Significant | Significant | |
| | in active | observable | unobservable | |
| | markets | inputs | inputs | |
| | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | Total |
| | | (In The | ousands) | |
| Assets: | | , | • | |
| Financial assets at FVPL | | | | |
| Equities in the PHISIX | ₱ 1,915 | ₱- | . ₱_ | ₱ 1.915 |
| Equities outside the PHISIX | 8,462 | _ | <u> </u> | 8,462 |
| | ₱10,377 | ₱_ | . ₱– | ₱10,377 |
| Financial assets at FVOCI | | | | |
| Quoted equity securities | | | | |
| Other financial institution sector | 40,800 | | | 40,800 |
| | ₱ 51,177 | ₽- | . ₱– | ₱ 51,177 |

There are no financial instruments carried at fair value under Levels 2 and 3 during the year.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the Company's financial statements in a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. There were no transfers that occurred between level 1, level 2 and level 3 during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Categories of Financial Instruments

The carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial assets per category are as follows:

| | 2024 | | 202 | 23 | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|-------------------|--|
| | Carrying | | Carrying | | |
| | Amount | Fair Value | Amount | Fair Value | |
| | (In Thousands) | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents * | ₱125,32 5 | ₱125,32 5 | ₱124,231 | ₱124 , 231 | |
| Financial assets at FVOCI | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | |
| Receivable from customers | 8,217 | 8,217 | 531 | 531 | |
| Receivable from clearing house | _ | <u> </u> | 7,498 | 7,498 | |
| | ₱133,94 2 | ₱133,942 | ₱132.660 | ₱132,660 | |

^{*} net of Cash on Hand and Petty Cash Fund

The carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial liabilities per category are as follows:

| | 202 | 24 | 202 | 23 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------|------------|
| | Carrying | | Carrying | |
| | Amount | Fair Value | Amount | Fair Value |
| | (In Thousands) | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Payable to customers | ₱92,278 | ₱92,278 | ₱89,450 | ₱89,450 |
| Payable to clearing organization | 5,121 | 5,121 | _ | , <u> </u> |
| Other current liabilities | 2,362 | 2,362 | 2,371 | 2,371 |
| | ₱ 99,761 | ₱99,761 | ₱91,821 | ₱91,821 |

30. Supplementary Information Required by the Bureau of Internal Revenue

Revenue Regulation No. 15-2010

On November 25, 2010, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Regulation (RR) No. 15-2010 which took effect on December 29, 2010 which provides for additional information required to be disclosed in the notes to financial statements regarding taxes, duties and license fee, paid or accrued, during the taxable year. Specifically, the disclosure should include the following: (a) amount of Value-Added Tax (VAT) output taxes declared during the year with account title and amount/s; (b) amount of VAT Input taxes claimed; (c) landed cost of imports and the amount of customs duties and tariff fees; (d) amount of excise taxes, classified per major product category; (e) documentary stamp tax (DST) on loan instruments and other transactions; (f) all other taxes, local and national, license and permit fees lodged under taxes and licenses account both under the Cost of sales and operating expense accounts; (g) amount of withholding taxes; (h) periods covered and amounts of deficiency assessments; and (i) tax cases and amounts involved.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In compliance with the requirements set forth by RR 15-2010, the following taxes are either paid or accrued by the Company.

1. The following table shows the Company's commission and VAT output declared as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------|------------|------------|
| Commission | ₱6,493,478 | ₱6,516,673 |
| VAT output | 779,217 | 782,001 |

2. The amount VAT Input taxes claimed are broken down as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| Beginning of the year | ₱ 62,836 | ₱ 15,030 |
| Current year's purchases | | , |
| I. Goods other than for resale or manufacture | 190,016 | 204,093 |
| | 252,852 | 219,123 |
| Application against output VAT | (189,001) | (156,287) |
| Balance at the end of the year | ₱ 63,851 | ₱ 62,836 |
| | | |

3. Landed Cost, Customs' Duties and Tariff Fees

The Company did not have any importations in 2024 and 2023 that would require for the payment of customs duties and tariff fees.

4. Excise Tax

The Company did not have any transactions in 2024 and 2023 which are subject to excise tax.

5. Documentary Stamp Tax

The Company did not have any transactions in 2024 and 2023 which are subject to documentary stamp tax.

6. Taxes and Licenses

The details of taxes and licenses are shown as part of expenses follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Local | | |
| Real estate taxes | ₱ 50,256 | ₱ 50,256 |
| Business permits and licenses | 193,028 | 368,999 |
| National | | , |
| BIR Annual Registration | 500 | 500 |
| | ₱243,784 | ₱419.755 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Withholding Taxes

The details of total withholding taxes for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| National Internal Revenue Taxes | | |
| Withholding Tax on Compensation | ₱369,174 | ₱369,525 |
| Expanded Withholding Tax | 160,995 | 141,066 |
| Final Withholding Tax | 135,966 | 157,745 |
| | ₱666,135 | ₱668,336 |

8. Deficiency Tax Assessments and Tax Cases

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company did not have any final deficiency tax assessments from the BIR nor does it have tax cases outstanding or pending in courts or bodies outside of the BIR in any of the open years.

31. Summary of Non-Cash Transactions Arising from Investing and Financing Activities

The Company has no noncash transactions arising from investing and financing activities in 2024 and 2023.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

No liabilities are deemed subordinated to general creditors for the period audited.

Schedule I

Pasig City

RISK-BASED CAPITAL ADEQUACY DECEMBER 31, 2024

| Assets | ₽ | 213,141,255 |
|---|---|-------------|
| Liabilities | | 110,133,967 |
| Equity | | 103,007,288 |
| Adjustments to Equity | | |
| Add (Deduct): | | |
| Allowance for market decline | | - |
| Unrealized gain (loss) in proprietary accounts | | _ |
| Total Adjustments to Equity | | |
| Equity Eligible for Net Liquid Capital | | 103,007,288 |
| Ineligible Assets: | | |
| Fixed Assets | | 16,711,758 |
| Investment in PSE | | 39,360,000 |
| Other assets | | 8,400,000 |
| Other current assets | | 3,559,354 |
| Negative exposure | | - |
| Deferred tax assets | | 5,402,363 |
| Revaluation surplus | | 4,663,500 |
| Total Ineligible Assets | | 78,096,975 |
| NET LIQUID CAPITAL | | 24,910,313 |
| Less: | | |
| Operational Risk Requirement | | 2,637,471 |
| Position Risk Requirement | | 3,912,935 |
| Total Risk Capital Requirement | | 6,550,406 |
| Net Risk-Based Capital Adequacy Requirement | | 18,359,907 |
| Liabilities | | 110,133,967 |
| Less: | | 110,133,707 |
| Exclusions from Aggregate Indebtedness | | 11,005,677 |
| AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS | ₽ | 99,128,290 |
| REQUIRED NET LIQUID CAPITAL | | 5,000,000 |
| NET RISK-BASED CAPITAL EXCESS | ₽ | 19,910,313 |
| RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET LIQUID CAPITAL | | 398% |
| RISK-BASED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO | | 380% |
| | | |

Pasig City

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER REVISED SRC RULE 49.2-1 DECEMBER 31, 2024

Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities not in the broker's or dealer's possession or control as of the report date but for which the required action was not taken by respondent within the time frame specified under Revised SRC Rule 49.2-1:

Market Valuation N/A

Number of items N/A

Customer's fully paid securities and excess margin securities for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as part of the report date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operation" as permitted under Revised SRC Rule 49.2-1:

Market Valuation N/A

Number of items N/A

Schedule III

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER ANNEX G OF REVISED SRC RULE 49.2-1 DECEMBER 31, 2023

| | CREDITS | | DEBITS |
|---|------------|--------------|------------------------|
| ₽ | 99,698,031 | | |
| | | | |
| | | ₱ | 8,135,200 |
| | | ₽ | 91,562,831 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | ₱ | 91,562,831 |
| | | ₽ | 93,083,679 |
| | | P 99,698,031 | ₱ 99,698,031 ₱ ₱ |

Schedule IV

Pasig City

A REPORT DESCRIBING ANY MATERIAL INADEQUACIES FOUND TO EXIST OR FOUND TO HAVE EXISTED SINCE THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS AUDIT DECEMBER 31, 2024

The management of SOLAR SECURITIES, INC. maintains a system of accounting and reporting for the necessary internal controls to ensure that transactions are properly authorized and recorded, assets are safeguarded against unauthorized use or disposition and liabilities are recognized.

In this regard, no material inadequacies were found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

Schedule V

RESULTS OF QUARTERLY SECURITIES COUNT CONDUCTED PUSUANT TO REVISED SRC RULE 52.1-10 DECEMBER 31, 2024

There is no discrepancy in the results of the securities count conducted. See attached summary.

Schedule VI

Financial Ratio Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

| Key Performance Indicators | Formula | | 2024 | | 2023 |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--------|----------------------------|--------|
| Current Ratio | Current Assets Current Liabilities | 148,669,497 100,161,222 | 1.48 | 143,868,029 92,247,407 | 1.56 |
| Acid Test Ratio | Cash & cash equivalents + Receivables Current liabilities | 133,562,157 100,161,222 | 1.33 | 132,279,527 92,247,407 | 1.43 |
| Debt to Equity Ratio | Total Liabilities Stockholders' equity | 110,133,967 | 1.07 | 103,475,219 106,965,630 | 0.97 |
| Assets to Equity Ratio | Total Assets Stockholders' Equity | 213,141,255 103,007,288 | 2.07 | 210,440,849 106,965,630 | 1.97 |
| Solvency Ratio | Income after tax+ Depreciation Total liabilities- deferred tax liabilities | (1,989,250) 104,530,654 | (0.02) | (1,287,753) 96,009,803 | (0.01) |
| Operating Margin | Income before income tax Revenues | (4,107,088) 7,607,851 | -54% | (2,087,781) 9,729,416 | -21% |
| Return on Equity | Net Income Stockholders' Equity | (2,650,312) 103,007,288 | -3% | (1,956,976) 106,965,630 | -2% |
| Return on Assets | Net Income Average Total assets | (2,650,312) 211,791,052 | -1% | (1,956,976) 229,335,844 | -1% |

Schedule VII

STOCK POSITION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2024

| NAME OF STOCKS | PRICE | SHARES VALUE | VALUE | SHARES VA | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE | SHARES VALL | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE |
|--------------------|----------|---------------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------|---------|-------|
| ASIA AMALGAMATED | • | 551.700 | , | 1 | , | 551 700 | | | | | |
| ATOK BIG WEDGE CO. | 5.44 | 63,290 | 344.298 | 800 | 4.352 | 64 090 | 348 650 | | 1 | ı | ı |
| ABACORE CAPITAL | 0.53 | 79,014,020 | 41,877,431 | | 1 | 79.014.020 | 41.877.431 | 1 | ' ' | | 1 1 |
| ABACORE-25% | į. | 2,698,000 | 1 | , | r | 2,698,000 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | ١ |
| ASIABEST GROUP | , | 150,700 | 1 | , | , | 150,700 | 1 | 1 | 1 | • | ٠ |
| ABS-CBN CORP. | 4.20 | 474,751 | 1,993,954 | | ı | 474,751 | 1.993.954 | , | ' | • | , |
| ABS-CBN PDR | 3.80 | 937,700 | 3,563,260 | ı | 1 | 937.700 | 3.563,260 | 1 | ' | | 1 |
| AYALA CORP | 599.00 | 107,143 | 64,178,657 | 1.000 | 599,000 | 108 143 | 64 777 657 | | | | t |
| AYALA VOTING PREF | ı | 26,268 | | | |) | | , | ' ' | 26.268 | ı |
| ACESITE HOTEL CORP | 1.78 | 300,000 | 534,000 | • | , | 300.000 | 534.000 | | ' ' | 20,200 | |
| ACEN CORPORATION | 4.00 | 19,835,698 | 79,342,792 | 53,000 | 212.000 | 19.888,698 | 79.554.792 | ' | 1 1 | | |
| ACEN CORP. PREF. A | 1,050.00 | 5,400 | 5,670,000 | , 1 | 1 | 5,400 | 5.670,000 | 1 | • | • | |
| ACEN CORP. PREF. B | 1,056.00 | 15,370 | 16,230,720 | | τ | 15,370 | 16,230,720 | • | ı | • | • |
| AYALA CORP. PREF A | 2,550.00 | 6,400 | 16,320,000 | | • | 6,400 | 16,320,000 | ı | 1 | • | 1 |
| AYALA PREF. B3 | 2,052.00 | 2,000 | 4,104,000 | | , | 2,000 | 4,104,000 | ' | ı | | 1 |
| ALSONS CONS RES. | 0.46 | 40,137,000 | 18,463,020 | 1 | • | 40,137,000 | 18,463,020 | 1 | ' | , | , |
| ACR MINING | ı | 252,890 | • | • | 1 | | | | 1 | 252 890 | 1 |
| ABOITIZ VENTURES | 34.35 | 315,200 | 10,827,120 | | 1 | 315,200 | 10,827,120 | 1 | 1 | | • |
| ALLIANCE GLOBAL | 9.00 | 2,757,100 | 24,813,900 | • | , | 2,757,100 | 24,813,900 | • | , | • | • |
| ARTHALAND CORP. | 0.365 | 5,834,599 | 2,129,629 | • | 1 | 5,834,599 | 2,129,629 | 1 | • | • | 1 |
| ARTHALAND PREF. D | 464.40 | 400 | 185,760 | , | 1 | 400 | 185,760 | ı | ٠ | 1 | 1 |
| AYALA LAND, INC. | 26.20 | 4,572,285 | 119,793,867 | | ı | 4,572,285 | 119,793,867 | 1 | 1 | • | • |
| ALLDAY MARTS | 0.133 | 124,130,000 | 16,509,290 | • | , | 124,130,000 | 16,509,290 | • | 1 | 1 | ı |
| AYALALAND LOGISTIC | 1.70 | 7,733,400 | 13,146,780 | | 1 | 7,733,400 | 13,146,780 | ı | • | • | • |
| ALTERNERGY HLDNGS. | 1.20 | 3,010,000 | 3,612,000 | 490,000 | 588,000 | 3,500,000 | 4,200,000 | 1 | • | • | 1 |
| AGRINURTURE, INC. | 0.510 | 244,940 | 124,919 | 8,000 | 4,080 | 252,940 | 128,999 | ı | 1 | • | 1 |
| A SORIANO CORP | 13.68 | 1,044,462 | 14,288,240 | • | 1 | 1,044,462 | 14,288,240 | ı | 1 | • | 1 |
| ABOITIZ POWER | 37.70 | 635,800 | 23,969,660 | | , | 635,800 | 23,969,660 | • | 1 | • | ı |
| APC GROUP, INC. | 0.185 | 20,582,000 | 3,807,670 | ı | ٠ | 20,582,000 | 3,807,670 | 1 | | ٠ | ı |
| APOLLO GLOBAL | 0.004 | 840,475,400 | 3,361,902 | • | ٠ | 840,475,400 | 3,361,902 | 1 | 1 | • | ٠ |
| ANGLO PHIL. HLDGS. | 0.45 | 9,193,965 | 4,137,284 | , | 1 | 9,193,965 | 4,137,284 | 1 | 1 | • | , |
| ALTUS PROPERTY | 8.32 | 7,028 | 58,473 | , | 1 | 7,028 | 58,473 | • | 1 | • | , |
| APEX MINING CO INC | 3.45 | 22,913,650 | 79,052,093 | 100,000 | 345,000 | 23,013,650 | 79,397,093 | 1 | 1 | • | 1 |
| ABRA MINING & INDS | ı | 1,037,500,000 | , | | 1 | 1,037,500,000 | | • | , | 1 | 1 |
| ARANETA PROP.,INC. | 0.51 | 1,749,777 | 892,386 | 130,000 | 66,300 | 1,879,777 | 928,686 | • | | | ٠ |
| AREIT, INC. | 37.95 | 2,833,140 | 107,517,663 | | , | 2,833,140 | 107.517.663 | • | • | • | 1 |
| RASLAG CORP. | 1.03 | 2,711,000 | 2,792,330 | • | • | 2,711,000 | 2,792,330 | 1 | ' | ٠ | , |
| ATLAS CONS MNG | 4.38 | 8,530,680 | 37,364,378 | ¥ | 1 | 8,530,680 | 37.364.378 | 1 | ' | • | • |
| ASIAN TERMINAL INC | 17.00 | 2,445,833 | 41,579,161 | | 1 | 2,445,833 | 41,579,161 | 1 | • | ٠ | |
| ATN HOLDINGS, INC. | 0.52 | 14,919,200 | 7,757,984 | 425,000 | 221,000 | 15,344,200 | 7,978,984 | 1 | • | • | , |
| ATN HLDGS,INCB | 0.52 | 2,812,800 | 1,462,656 | • | 1 | 2,812,800 | 1,462,656 | 1 | 1 | • | ı |
| ASIA UNITED BANK | 61.50 | 399,664 | 24,579,336 | • | 1 | 399.664 | 24.579.336 | 1 | ' | • | |
| AXELUM RES. CORP. | 2.59 | 1,007,000 | 2,608,130 | 100,000 | 259,000 | 1,107,000 | 2,867,130 | 1 | • | ٠ | 1 |
| BALABAC RES-50% | ı | 454 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | ' | 454 | 1 |
| BALAI NI FRUITAS | 0.36 | 150 000 | 54.000 | 1 | , | 150 000 | 24 000 | | | | |

279,612

۹.

1,307,800 P 2,298,732 2,264,116,295 P 801,347,475

8,055 2,263,088,107 P 799,048,743

Sub-total

| NAME OF STOCKS | CLOSING PRICE | CLOSING CUSTOMERS' ACCOUNT PRICE SHARES VALUE | COUNT | DEALER ACCOUNT SHARES VAI | JNT VALUE | P C D SHARES | VALUE | TRANSFER OFFICE | IN BOX | VALUE |
|---------------------|------------------|---|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-------|
| BENGLIET CORP | 3 07 | 150 400 | 144 | | | | | | | 200 |
| BENGLET CORP.B | 3.00 | 130,122 | 60.750 | | | 158,122 | 627,744 | | • | |
| BDO LINIBANK INC | 144.00 | 2 000 450 | 09,750 | . 3 | | 17,703 | 69,750 | | • | , |
| BELLE CORPORATION | 1.66 | 15,141,599 | 25,310,090 | 585,000 | 4,464 | 3,009,190 | 433,323,360 | | • | • |
| BANCO FILIPINO | | 89 | 100.00 | 200,000 | 97 1,100 | 13,720,399 | 20,100,154 | | • | , |
| BHI HLDGS, INC. | 1,020.00 | 410 | 418,200 | 1 | ' ' | 410 | 418 200 | | 1 | 1 |
| BOULEVARD HLDGS | 0.074 | 111,520,000 | 8,252,480 | | • | 111,520,000 | 8.252.480 | | | • |
| BRIGHT KINDLE | 0.99 | 1,377,000 | 1,363,230 | 15,000 | 14,850 | 1,392,000 | 1,378,080 | , | | |
| BLOOMBERRY | 4.58 | 3,606,900 | 16,519,602 | 100,000 | 458,000 | 3,706,900 | 16,977,602 | | , | |
| BANK OF COMMERCE | 6.75 | 273,000 | 1,842,750 | | | 273,000 | 1,842,750 | , | | |
| BANK OF THE PHIL | 122.00 | 607,887 | 74,162,214 | • | • | 607,887 | 74,162,214 | | • | |
| A BROWN CO., INC. | 0.56 | 7,507,352 | 4,204,117 | | • | 7,507,352 | 4,204,117 | 1 | • | • |
| A BROWN CO. PREF. | 96.50 | 27,190 | 2,623,835 | | • | 27,190 | 2,623,835 | , | • | |
| A BROWN CO. C PREF | 102.20 | 150,000 | 15,330,000 | • | | 150,000 | 15,330,000 | | , | 1 |
| BASIC ENERGY CORP. | 0.14 | 18,035,456 | 2,524,964 | , | • | 18,035,456 | 2,524,964 | 1 | , | • |
| CHELSEA LOGISTICS | 1.31 | 009'686'9 | 9,090,876 | 100,000 | 131,000 | 7,039,600 | 9,221,876 | , | • | ٠ |
| CONCRETE AGGREGAT | 40.15 | 2,000 | 200,750 | | ı | 2,000 | 200,750 | • | • | |
| CALATA CORP. | . ; | 2,953,920 | 1 | | 1 | 2,953,920 | • | | • | |
| CHINA BANK CORP. | 63.50 | 7,823,567 | 496,796,505 | | ı | 7,823,567 | 496,796,505 | • | • | |
| CII YLAND DEV | 0.68 | 188,704 | 128,319 | | 1 | 188,704 | 128,319 | | • | ı |
| CEBU AIK, INC. | 28.25 | 604,060 | 17,064,695 | | • | 604,060 | 17,064,695 | • | • | , |
| CEBU CONVERTIPREF. | 34.50 | 134,947 | 4,655,672 | | ı | 134,947 | 4,655,672 | ı | • | • |
| CROWN EQUITIES, INC | 0.056 | 46,051,600 | 2,578,890 | | • | 46,051,600 | 2,578,890 | | • | |
| CENTRO ESCOLAR | 13.80 | 12,900 | 178,020 | , | | 12,900 | 178,020 | 1 | 1 | |
| CEMEA FILDGO PHILS | 1.78 | 4,728,039 | 8,415,909 | • | | 4,728,039 | 8,415,909 | | 1 | 1 |
| CLI SEDIES A1 DDEE | 7.000 | 1,991,996 | 5,278,789 | • | ı | 1,991,996 | 5,278,789 | 1 | • | |
| CLISERIES AT PREF | 1,000.00 | 2,000 | 5,000,000 | , | | 5,000 | 5,000,000 | | 1 | |
| CENTURY PACIFIC | 41 95 | 38 900 | 3,300,000 | • | ı | 3,500 | 3,500,000 | | • | 1 |
| CONVERGE INFO. | 16.14 | 2.881.200 | 46 502 568 | | 1 1 | 38,900 | 1,631,855 | | • | 1 |
| COAL ASIA | 0.154 | 2.851 000 | 439.054 | , , | • | 2,001,200 | 40,502,506 | | • | 1 |
| COL FINANCIAL | 1,65 | 6.968.750 | 11 498 438 | | , | 000,100,750 | 439,054 | 1 | • | • |
| COSCO CAPITAL, INC | 5.38 | 7,724,030 | 41.555.281 | 20.000 | 107 600 | 0,900,730 | 11,496,438 | | • | ı |
| CENTURY PROP GROUF | 0.42 | 25,225,108 | 10,594,545 |) | 200 | 25,25,108 | 10.594.545 | 1 1 | • | ı |
| CENTURY PEAK HLDGS | 2.50 | 9,712,000 | 24,280,000 | | • | 9 712 000 | 24 280 000 | | • | 1 |
| CITICORE RENEWABLE | 3.21 | 715,000 | 2,295,150 | | , | 715,000 | 2,295,150 | | t 1 | |
| CITICORE REIT | 3.05 | 6,069,870 | 18,513,104 | , | | 6,069,870 | 18.513.104 | | • | |
| CROWN ASIA CHEM | 1.71 | 2,000 | 8,550 | | , | 2,000 | 8,550 | 1 | • | |
| CIS GLOBAL EQUITY | 0.65 | 340,000 | 221,000 | 200,000 | 130,000 | 540,000 | 351,000 | 1 | • | • |
| CYBER BAY CURP. | | 69,334,760 | | 3,060 | • | 69,337,820 | 1 | 1 | 1 | , |
| DOUBLEDRAGON | 10.20 | 1,719,600 | 17,539,920 | 3K 6 | 1 | 1,719,600 | 17,539,920 | 1 | • | |
| DOUBLE DRAGON DREE | 07.70 | 30,732,700 | 31,6/5,281 | 100,000 | 103,000 | 30,852,700 | 31,778,281 | | • | 1 |
| DEI MONTE PACIFIC | 2000 | 422,060 | 41,024,232 | • | , | 422,060 | 41,024,232 | 1 | • | 1 |
| DENN INC | 3.90 2.85 | 2,098,900 | 8,185,710 | | r | 2,098,900 | 8,185,710 | 1 | t | 1 |
| SONICI TO HOLDINGS | 6.65 | 0013,100 | 2,000,033 | • | ı | 915,100 | 2,608,035 | | • | |
| DITO CMF HO! DINGS | 1.60 | 9,033,933 | 15,737,490 | | ı | 9,835,935 | 15,737,496 | , | • | t |
| DIZON COPPER | 203 | 773 717 | 1 570 630 | | | 15,493,438 | 25,409,238 | 1 | • | • |
| DMC HOLDINGS INC | 10.82 | 5 601 000 | 61 586 259 | | | 7/3/14 | 1,570,639 | 1 | 1 | ı |
| D.M.WENCESLAO | 5.52 | 1 449 000 | 7 998 480 | 000 02 | 386 400 | 5,691,900 | 61,586,358 | 1 | • | 1 |
| | | | 201,000,1 | 0000 | 200,400 | 000,810,1 | 0,304,000 | | | |
| Cub-fotel | 000 | | | | | | ; | | | |
| GEO-COCO | 0,900 | 433,092,044 P | F 1,510,150,195 | 1,193,097 P | 2,306,414 | 435,085,735 | P 1,512,462,609 | 6 . | • | |

| NAME OF STOCKS | CLOSING | CLOSING CUSTOMERS' ACCOUNT PRICE SHARES VALUE | COUNT | DEALER ACCOUNT SHARES VAL | UNT | P C D SHARES | VALUE | TRANSFER OFFICE SHARES VALUE | | IN BOX SHARES | VALUE |
|---------------------|----------------|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------|------------------|-------|
| PHILAB HOLDINGS | 1 | 54,200 | 1 | 60 000 | ' | 114 200 | | | | | |
| D&L INDUSTRIES | 60.9 | 3,565,700 | 21,715,113 | 200 | r | 3 565 700 | 21 715 113 | | | • | • |
| DISCOVERY WORLD | 1.12 | 929,000 | 1,074,080 | • | ٠ | 959,000 | 1 074 080 | | • | • | |
| EASYCALL COMM PHIL | 2.21 | 275,300 | 608,413 | • | • | 275.300 | | | . : | à | |
| EAST COAST VULCAN | 0.31 | 3,380,000 | 1,047,800 | 1 | • | 3.380,000 | • | , | | | 1 |
| EEI CORP | 3.60 | 366,650 | 1,319,940 | | • | 366,650 | 1,319,940 | | 1 | | |
| EEI CORP. PREF. A | 00.66 | 27,300 | 2,702,700 | | ı | 27.300 | | | , | • | ' ' |
| EEI CORP. PREF. B | 98.45 | 152,990 | 15,061,866 | | • | 152,990 | - | | , | | |
| IP E-GAME VENTURES | 1 | 280,800,000 | • | 5,000,000 | • | 285,800,000 | | • | ٠ | | |
| EXPORT & INDUSTRY | 1 | 38,923,723 | | • | , | 38,923,723 | • | | | | • |
| EXPORT & IND B | • | 70,000 | 1 | • | • | 70,000 | • | | | • | • |
| EMPIRE EAST LAND | 0.12 | 20,917,647 | 2,510,118 | 1,608,000 | 192.960 | 22.5 | 2.703.078 | | , , | • | • |
| EMPERADOR INC. | 18.06 | 3,223,500 | 58,216,410 | | | | 58 216 410 | | | , | • |
| ENEX ENERGY CORP. | 5.00 | 79,956 | 399,780 | , | 1 | 79 956 | 300 780 | • | • | | |
| EURO-MED LAB.PHILS | 0.82 | 2,000 | 4,100 | • | ı | 5,000 | 4 100 | t 1 | | , | 1 |
| EVER GOTESCO | 0.255 | 12,854,000 | 3,277,770 | | 1 | 10.054.000 | 2 563 770 | 2 800 000 | 714 000 | • | |
| EAST WEST BANKING | 9.850 | 4,829,671 | 47,572,259 | | ı | 4.829,671 | 47.572.259 | 200,000, | 000'+1 | | ı |
| FIRST ABACUS FIN. | 0.65 | 30,000 | 19,500 | | 1 | 30,000 | 19 500 | | | • | • |
| SAN MIGUEL FOOD | 52.75 | 1,380,830 | 72,838,783 | 1,500 | 79.125 | <u> </u> | 72 917 908 | | | • | 1 |
| FIGARO COFFEE | 0.86 | 100,000 | 86,000 | 200,000 | 172,000 | | 258 000 | . 1 | • | | 1 |
| FILINVEST DEVT. | 4.94 | 246,667 | 1,218,535 | | | 246,667 | 1 218 535 | | ' ' | • | |
| FERRONOUX HOLDINGS | , | 159,100 | | , | r | 159,100 | 000 | | ' ' | • | • |
| FILIPINO FUND INC. | 5.87 | 13,873 | 81,435 | 1 | 1 | 13,873 | 81.435 | ı | 1 | | |
| FIRST GEN CORP. | 16.12 | 2,333,370 | 37,613,924 | | • | 2,333,370 | 37,613,924 | | 1 | ٠ | , |
| FILINVEST REIT | 2.95 | 3,029,021 | 8,935,612 | 70,818 | 208,913 | 3,099,839 | 9,144,525 | | 1 | , | ı |
| F & J PRINCE HLDS | 2.50 | 358,000 | 895,000 | | • | 358,000 | 895,000 | | 1 | 1 | , |
| F & J PRINCE B | 1.91 | 23,000 | 43,930 | • | • | 23,000 | 43,930 | , | • | • | |
| FILINVEST LAND INC | 0.73 | 5,256,370 | 3,837,150 | 278,694 | 203,447 | 5,535,064 | 4,040,597 | , | • | • | |
| O METRO PHIL. | 105.60 | 29,911 | 3,158,602 | . : | • | 29,911 | 3,158,602 | • | , | • | |
| GLUBAL FERRUNICKEL | 1.040 | 14,303,251 | 14,875,381 | 100,000 | 104,000 | 14,403,251 | 14,979,381 | | 1 | • | • |
| ALLIAINCE SLOT FOOD | 0.38 | 3,825,655 | 1,453,749 | 300,000 | 114,000 | 4,125,655 | 1,567,749 | | , | 1 | 1 |
| FOR IM PACIFIC INC | 39.00 0.246 | 7 453,728 | 24,589,952 | | • | 1,433,728 | 84,589,952 | • | | 1 | 1 |
| FORUM-50% | 0.240 | 140 000 | 1,704,040 | | | 7,173,334 | 1,764,640 | | • | | |
| FRUITAS HIDGS | 0.64 | 345,000 | - 000 000 | | ı | - L | | | 1 | 140,000 | 1 |
| FWBC HLDGS INC. | 5 ' | 42 751 | 000,022 | , 101 | ı | 345,000 | 220,800 | 1 | 1 | 1 . | 1 |
| G. EQUITIES-25% | , | 36,000 | | 2 | Ī | • | • | Î | 1 | 43,152 | |
| GEOGRACE RES | 0.088 | 32 450 763 | 2 855 667 | 200 000 | - 77 | , 070,00 | 1 0 | | | 36,000 | |
| GLOBAL-ESTATE RESR | 0.64 | 24 035 254 | 15 382 563 | 000,000 | 44,000 | 32,950,763 | 7,899,667 | | • | r | |
| GLOBE TELECOM, INC. | 2.184.00 | 12,000,12 | 27 955 200 | • | | 24,035,254 | 15,382,563 | ı | | • | |
| GMA NETWORK | 6.11 | 559 700 | 3 419 767 | | • | 12,800 | 27,955,200 | | • | | 1 |
| GMA PDR | 6.26 | 00/000 | 612,480 | 1 | • | 00,860 | 3,419,707 | | 1 | | 1 |
| GOTESCO LANDING-B | , | 406 165 | 0,00 | ı | 8 | 96,000 | 013,480 | | | | 1 |
| GREENERGY HOLDINGS | 0.19 | 3 933 208 | 777 327 | 1 | | 400,103 | | • | | | |
| GINEBRA SAN MIGUEL | 275.00 | 66,600 | 18.315.000 | | | 3,933,298 | 147,327 | • | • | | 1 |
| GT CAPITAL | 658.00 | 70,597 | 46 452 826 | 23 | 15 134 | 20,600 | 16,515,000 | • | | , | • |
| GTCAP VOTING PREF | , | 21,600 | • | | 5 | 230,0 | 006, 104,04 | | 1 1 | - 24 600 | |
| GTCAP PREF B | 990.00 | 009'9 | 6,534,000 | | 1 | 0.600 | 6.534.000 | • | | 000,12 | • |
| HOUSE OF INVST | 3.38 | 311,000 | 1,051,180 | | ı | 311,000 | 1.051.180 | ٠ | | ı | |
| ALLHOME CORP. | 0.64 | 1,253,200 | 802,048 | 20,000 | 12,800 | 1,273,200 | 814,848 | 1 | ı | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total | 4,625 | 473,970,075 P | 511,272,398 | 8,139,436 P | 1,146,379 | 479,068,759 | P 511,704,777 | 2,800,000 ₱ | 714,000 | 240.752 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| 110,540 11,97,38 11,997,38 | NAME OF STOCKS | CLOSING PRICE | CUSTOMERS' ACCOUNT SHARES VALUE | COUNT | DEALER ACCOUNT SHARES VAI | JNT | PCD | VALUE | TRANSFER OFFICE |)FFICE | IN BOX | 11187 |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|--------|--------|-------|
| 1,0540 4,124,156 4,324,1 | OCAIG IOH OOO | 0 | L | | | | | | | | | VALOE |
| NEW CORP 200 | HALIS TALK INC | 9.09 | 10,540 | 608,38 | | 1 | 10,540 | 95,809 | • | • | 1 | • |
| RR 9860 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,688,378 - 115,773 44,773 11,773 | DEMIT INC. | 1.05 | 4,124,155 | 4,330,363 | | 1 | 4,124,155 | 4,330,363 | • | 1 | 1 | ٠ |
| THENC 1499 1,014,439 44,888,378 - 1014,473 1,157,33 1,157,33 1,157,30 1,109,300 1,109, | INTI CONTAINED | 0.233 | 1,199,738 | 279,539 | r | 1 | 1,199,738 | 279,539 | • | 1 | 1 | ٠ |
| THE ORDER OF THE O | INT MICRO-EI ECTRNC | 300.00 | 115,773 | 44,088,378 | ř | • | 115,773 | 44,688,378 | ' | • | , | , |
| 0.30 11,154,000 3,349,200 350,000 105,000 14,514,000 3,300,000 350,000 11,514,000 3,300,000 350,000 11,514,000 3,300,000 350,000 11,514,000 3,300,000 350,000 11,514,000 3,300,000 350,000 11,514,000 3,300,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 337,890 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 11,614,000 30,106,950,000 30,106,950 30,106,9 | IMPERIAL RES INC | | 1,014,463 | 086,116,1 | 1 | , | 1,014,483 | 1,511,580 | • | • | • | |
| CCRP 289 00 1,152,236 | PHIL. INFRADEV | 0.30 | 11 164 000 | 2 340 200 | - 020 | 107 | , | 267,750 | • | , | , | • |
| CH 6.79 2865.00 1,0095.00 | IONICS, INC. | 0.84 | 1.372.900 | 1 153 236 | 000,000 | 000,601 | | 3,454,200 | • | 1 | 1 | |
| CH 6.79 470.074 3,191,002 | IPM HOLDINGS | 3.00 | 356,500 | 1,159,230 | | 1 | 1,372,900 | 1,153,236 | • | ı | 1 | |
| CH 15-507,000 37,891 90,882,410 - 13,507,000 37,891 90,882,410 - 13,507,000 37,892 90,882,410 - 13,507,000 37,892 90,882,410 - 13,507,000 37,892 90,882,410 - 13,507,000 37,892 90,882,410 - 13,507,000 37,892 90,892,713 91,10,1050 1 1,10,250 1 1,20,20,20 1 1,20,20,20 1 1,20,20,20 1 1,20,20,20 1 1,20,20,20 1 1,20,20 | IPEOPLE, INC. | 62.9 | 470 074 | 3 191 802 | | | 320,500 | 1,069,500 | | • | 1 | |
| CORP 269 00 337,890 90,892,410 1,500,100 1,600 1,10,1140 1,610,1140 | ISLAND INFO TECH | 5 1 | 13.507.000 | 2,181,002 | | 1 | 4/0,0/4 | 3,191,802 | ı | 1 | • | 1 |
| SS B 984.00 1,640 1,617,00 1,0164 1,617,00 1,0164 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1,0165 1,0164 1 | JOLIBEE FOODS CORP | 269.00 | 337.890 | 90 892 410 | ľ | | 000,700,1 | | • | | 1 | ı |
| SINC 20.55 | JFC PREF SFRIES B | 984.00 | 1,640 | 1 613 760 | | ı | 337,890 | 90,892,410 | r | • | • | |
| GS. 678 140,000 950,600 444,000 88 11,197 444,000 88 11,197 100,000 88 11,197 100,000 88 11,197 100,000 88 11,197 100,000 88 11,102 - 1 100,250 88 11,197 100,000 88 11,102 - 1 100,250 88 11,197 100,000 88 11,102 9 | JG SUMMIT HI DS INC | 20.55 | 742 347 | 0 110 164 | | | 1,640 | 1,613,760 | 1 | ı | • | ı |
| HDGS. 2.23 3,953,900 8,907,000 B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B | JOI IN I I IN I I I I I I I I I I I I I I | 02.07 | 1443,317 | 9,110,104 | ı | 1 | 443,317 | 9,110,164 | 1 | , | • | 1 |
| PROP. 2.79 228,330 0.017,197 - 3,935,340 8.8 PROP. 2.79 228,330 0.017,197 - 3,935,340 8.8 PROP. 2.79 228,330 0.017,197 - 3,935,340 8.8 PROP. 2.79 228,330 0.018,340 0. | THE KEEPERS HINGS | 0.73 | 3 952 900 | 930,000 | 1 | ı | 140,000 | 950,600 | | 1 | • | , |
| DS 16.46 15.780 0.057.13 | KEPPEI PHII S PROP | 2.20 | 000,000,000 | 0,017,137 | • | ı | 3,953,900 | 8,817,197 | 1 | • | • | 1 |
| MNG 0.068 | KEPPEI PHII HI DS | 16.46 | 15 780 | 020,713 | | | 228,930 | 638,715 | 1 | • | • | 1 |
| MNG-B 0.067 402,425,613 26,925,166 507,581 34,008 402,102,20 6,634,523 61,900 | CITY & I AND | 89.0 | 110.250 | 74 070 | E | r | 15,780 | 259,739 | 1 | 1 | • | |
| NINGER 0.087 99,022,778 6,634,270 0.010 0.000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.000000 1.000000 1 | LEPANTO CONS MNG | 0.067 | AN2 425 643 | 78.087 E18 | - 203 | , 000 | 110,250 | 74,970 | 1 | 1 | • | 1 |
| OMS - 2,491,000 95,000 100,000 25,91,000 10,31,480 - 2,491,000 95,000 10,31,480 - 2,491,000 95,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480 - 2,50,000 10,31,480,076 4,0 10,860,76 4,0 10,860,76 4,0 10,860,76 4,0 10,800 37,76,629 2,5 5,500 37,76,239 2,5 5,500 37,700 3,50 | LEPANTO CONS MNG-B | 0.067 | 90,027,204 | 6 634 523 | 307,301 | 34,008 | 402,933,194 | 26,996,524 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| STRMNT 0.28 4,691,000 95,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,000 1,313,480 - 6,200 1,41486,076 4,012,405 1,000 1,31,750,650 - 6,240 1,313,480 1,114,780 1,000 1,31,780,000 1,31,780 1,114,780 1,14,780 1 | LIBERTY TELECOMS |) | 2 491 000 | 0,400,400 | 100,001 | 040,340 | 99,881,529 | 290,269,0 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| STMNT 0.28 4,691,000 1,33,300 | LMG CORP. | 0.19 | 500,000 | 000 30 | 000,001 | • | 000,1'86,2 | · 0 | , | • | • | 1 |
| 2.65 36,000 95,000 - 1,000 1,0 | LODESTAR INVESTMNT | 0.28 | 4 691 000 | 1 213 480 | , | ł | 300,000 | 95,000 | 1 | • | • | |
| SS 0.046 180,000 8.24,000 1.00 | PACIFIC ONLINE | 2.65 | 36,000 | 05,400 | | | 4,691,000 | 1,313,480 | ı | | • | |
| CORP 2.70 1486,076 4,012,020 2 1,000 2 1,000 0 | LFM PROPERTIES | 0.046 | 180,000 | 82,400 | | ı | 36,000 | 95,400 | | ı | 1 | 1 |
| HING 0.86 25,500 21,930 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,650 3,595,300 37,750,752 3,844,105,713 11,150 11,150 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,27,840 17,000 11,28,810,759 11,42,400 3,660,208 11,42,400 3,660,208 11,42,400 3,660,208 11,42,400 3,672,335 242,808,120 3,400,000 670,800 3,400,000 670,800 3,400,000 670,800 3,400,000 11,500 11,500 11,700 1 | LOPEZ HLDGS., CORP | 2.70 | 1.486.076 | 4.012.405 | | ' ' | 1 486 076 | 8,280 | 1 | ı | • | 1 |
| HRP 0.003 3,595,300 37,750,650 - 3,595,300 37,750,650 - 3,444,105,713 11,1532,317 - 3,444,105,713 11,1532,317 - 3,444,105,713 11,1532,317 - 3,444,105,713 11,1532,317 - 3,444,105,713 11,1532,317 - 3,444,105,713 11,1098,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,1700 1127,440 11,098,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,1700 1127,440 11,098,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,1700 1127,440 11,7000 1142,440 1127,440 11,742,440,440 11,742,440,440 11,742,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,440,440 11,44 | LORENZO SHIPPING | 0.86 | 25,500 | 21.930 | , | | 0,70,00+,1 | 4,012,400 | • | | • | |
| HRP 0.003 3,844,105,713 11,532,317 - 3,844,105,713 11,700 11,008,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,108,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,108,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,108,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,108,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,108,900 11,008,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,109,909,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,109,909 6,240,000 11,102,10 | LT GROUP, INC. | 10.50 | 3,595,300 | 37.750.650 | • | | 3 505 300 | 27 750 650 | | ı | • | |
| HRP-B 0.003 865,776,239 2,597,329 - | MANILA MNG CORP | 0.003 | 3,844,105,713 | 11,532,317 | 1 | , | 3 844 105 713 | 11 532 317 | | • | ı | ı |
| RP. 5.44 2,040,240 11,098,906 6,240 33,946 2,046,480 11,1 | MANILA MNG CORP-B | 0.003 | 865,776,239 | 2,597,329 | , | , | 865 776 239 | 2 597 329 | | | • | ı |
| 35 7.52 17,000 127,840 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 175,545 17,000 1742,400 3,050,208 17,42,400 3,050,208 17,42,400 3,050,208 17,42,400 3,050,208 17,42,400 3,050,208 17,42,400 3,372,335 242,317 | MACROASIA CORP. | 5.44 | 2,040,240 | 11,098,906 | 6,240 | 33,946 | 2,046,480 | 11.132.851 | 1 | | | |
| E-B 0.83 211,500 175,545 - 211,500 587,000 249,560 220,000 149,600 587,000 3, 211,500 249,560 220,000 149,600 587,000 3, 211,500 249,560 220,000 149,600 587,000 3, 2.67 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 | MACAY HOLDINGS | 7.52 | 17,000 | 127,840 | , | 1 | 17,000 | 127,840 | ٠ | 1 | , | |
| EB 0.68 367,000 249,560 220,000 149,600 587,000 587,000 249,560 220,000 149,600 587,000 587,000 2.67 1,142,400 3,050,208 - | METRO ALIANCE | 0.83 | 211,500 | 175,545 | • | 1 | 211,500 | 175,545 | 1 | , | , | |
| S HLDG; 0.75 5,158,610 3,868,958 - 5,158,610 2.67 1,142,400 3,050,208 - 1,142,400 N 0.188 8,189,759 1,539,675 - 8,189,759 72 3,372,335 242,808,120 - 3,400,000 S-B - 3,400,000 670,800 - 5,590,000 INC. 0.12 5,590,000 670,800 - 5,590,000 INC. 0.13 48,701,000 15,097,310 - 6,590,000 DRP. 1,760 16,097,314 1,200,000 112,800 29,831,000 HOLDG - 140,000 2,546,215 - 15,004,704 S 0.161 15,815,000 2,546,215 - 5,084,704 | MELKO ALLIANCE - B | 0.68 | 367,000 | 249,560 | 220,000 | 149,600 | 587,000 | 399,160 | • | | , | |
| N 0.188 8,189,759 1,539,675 - 1,142,400 8,189,759 1,539,675 - 1,142,400 1,142,401 1,142,400 1,442,400 1,142,400 1,44 | MAKCVENIUKES HLDGS | 0.75 | 5,158,610 | 3,868,958 | | ı | 5,158,610 | 3,868,958 | • | • | 1 | |
| N 0.188 8,189,759 1,539,675 - 8,189,759 24, 3,372,335 24, 3,372,335 24, 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 5,590,000 670,800 - 5,590,000 11 42,551 67,000 12,697,310 - 20,820,511 42,551 67,000 17,750 17,750 106 186,560 - 140,000 2,691,314 1,200,000 112,800 29,831,000 11,801 2,546,215 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 | MANII A BILL THE | 2.67 | 1,142,400 | 3,050,208 | | 1 | 1,142,400 | 3,050,208 | | | ı | |
| SINC - 3,372,335 242,808,120 - 3,372,335 242,808,120 - 3,400,000 | METROBANK | 0.100 | 8,189,739 | 1,539,675 | | ı | 8,189,759 | 1,539,675 | • | • | 1 | |
| S-B - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,400,000 - 3,600,000 - | MARSTEEL CONSTINC | 7, | 0,072,000 | 242,808,120 | | | 3,372,335 | 242,808,120 | 1 | , | 1 | • |
| NC. 0.12 5,590,000 670,800 8,600,000 670,800 - 5,590,000 670,800 8,500,000 15,800,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 15,900,000 1,2,551 69,900 1,760 16,800 2,691,314 1,200,000 112,800 29,831,000 2,9181,000 2,9181,000 2,9181,000 2,9181,000 2,546,215 5,084,704 2,5084,704 | MARSTEEL CONS.B | ı | 0,400,000 | | , | | 3,400,000 | | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| RIB. 0.31 48,701,000 15,097,310 - 5,590,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 15, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170, 1701,000 170,0 | MEDICO HIDGO INC | | 9,000,000 | - 00 | 1 | ı | 8,600,000 | | 1 | • | • | |
| DRP. 2.05 20,820,511 42,682,048 - 20,820,511 42,551 69,564,888 - 20,820,511 106 12,551 0.094 28,631,000 2,691,314 1,200,000 112,800 29,831,000 HOLDG - 140,000 2,546,215 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 | MEDII INES DISTRIB | 0.12 | 0,030,000 | 15 007 310 | • | 1 | 5,590,000 | 670,800 | 1 | 1 | 1 | , |
| ORP. 1,760 142,551 69,564,888 - 20,820,511 ORP. 1,760 2,631,000 2,691,314 1,200,000 112,800 29,831,000 | MEGAWORI D CORP | 20.5 | 20 820 511 | 42,692,010 | ı | | 48,701,000 | 15,097,310 | | | • | |
| ORP. 1,760 1,100 1 | MERALCO | 488 | 142 551 | 60.564.888 | | ı | 20,820,511 | 42,682,048 | 1 | | 1 | |
| DBAL 0.094 28.631,000 2,691,314 1,200,000 112,800 29,831,000 HOLDG - 140,000 2,546,215 - 15,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 | MANULIFE FIN CORP. | 1.760 | 106 | 186 560 | | 1 | 142,331 | 09,004,008 | , | | • | |
| HOLDG - 140,000 2,546,215 - 15,000 15,815,000 2,546,215 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 | MILLENNIUM GI OBAI | 0.094 | 28 631 000 | 2 601 311 | - 000 | - 27 | 106 | 186,560 | 1 | ı | • | |
| S 0.161 15,815,000 2,546,215 - 15,815,000 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 | METRO GLOBAL HOLDG | - | 140,000 | 410,150,2 | 1,200,000 | 112,800 | 29,831,000 | 2,804,114 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 5,084,704 - 5,084,704 | MABUHAY HLDGS | 0.161 | 15.815.000 | 2 546 215 | | | 140,000 | . 040 | | • | ı | 1 |
| | MANILA JOCKEY | | 5,084,704 | 5.10.1 | , | | 5.084.704 | 2,540,215 | 1 | , | 1 | • |
| | | | | | | | 101,100,0 | | | | | |

4,070 5,420,750,755 P 659,676,487

0

3,242,622 P 492,893 5,423,993,377 P 660,169,380

| NAME OF STOCKS | CLOSING | CUSTOMERS' ACCOUNT | SOUNT | ACCOL | | PCD | | ROF | 등 | IN BOX | |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|
| INCINIC OF STOCKS | T N | | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE | SHARES V, | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE |
| MJCI INVESTMENT | • | 33,000 | ٠ | 2,000 | | 35,000 | | | | | |
| MERRYMART CONSUME | 09'0 | 2,115,000 | 1,269,000 | (* | • | 2,115,000 | 1,269,000 | | | | |
| MONDRACOPPER MINING | | 100,000 | 1 | • | • | 100,000 | | • | ı | • | , |
| MONDRAGON IN PHIL | - 0 | 2,102,090 | - 6 | 300,000 | 1 | 2,402,090 | • | 1 | , | , | 1 |
| MBC AT LED INC | 0.00 | 2,009,400 | 17,796,840 | | ı | 2,069,400 | 17,796,840 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| MREIT INC. | 12.24 | 4,744,600 | 3,985,464 | | 1 | 4,744,600 | 3,985,464 | | ٠ | • | |
| METRO RETAIL STORE | 1 20 | 1,340,000 | 7,875,600 | - 000 | - 0 | | 17,875,600 | | • | 1 | , |
| MABUHAY VINYL | 5 39 | 183 000 | 2,137,200 | 280,000 | 336,000 | 2, | 2,473,200 | | | 1 | , |
| MANILA WATER | 27.00 | 1 751 100 | 47 279 700 | • | • | 183,000 | 986,370 | | • | • | |
| MEGAWIDE | 2.43 | 1,339,610 | 3.255.252 | | t i | 1,751,100 | 47,279,700 | | • | • | 1 |
| MEGAWIDE PREF 2B | 95.00 | 80.500 | 7 647 500 | • | , | 90,939,610 | 3,233,232 | | | • | ı |
| MEGAWIDE PREF 4 | 97.95 | 66.100 | 6 474 495 | | • | 90,300 | 7,047,500 | | • | • | |
| MEGAWIDE PREF 5 | 100.80 | 64.000 | 6.451.200 | | | 66,100 | 6,474,495 | 1 | • | • | • |
| NASIPIT LUMBER | 1 | 009 | 1 | | | 000,+0 | 0,431,500 | | | • | |
| NIHAO MINERAL RES | 0.385 | 1,141,286 | 439,395 | | , | 1 141 286 | 130 305 | | | 1 | |
| NICKEL ASIA CORP | 3.49 | 8,923,427 | 31,142,760 | • | • | 8 923 427 | 34 142 760 | | | • | |
| NEGROS NAVIGATION | • | 93,862 | | • | , | 93.862 | 21,142,700 | • | • | • | ı |
| NOW CORPORATION | 0.59 | 3,872,000 | 2,284,480 | | • | 3.872.000 | 2 284 480 | | | • | |
| NAT'L REINSURANCE | 0.69 | 3,048,000 | 2,103,120 | ı | , | 3.048.000 | 2 103 120 | • | 1 | • | i |
| NEXTGENESIS CORP. | • | 1,927,300 | | | • | 1,927,300 | 2,100,120 | | • | • | |
| ORTIGAS & CO. | • | 46,015 | | | 1 | 000 | | • | ' | 1 00 | 1 |
| OCEANAGOLD (PHILS) | 14.02 | 20,000 | 701,000 | | , | 50 000 | 701 000 | | | 40,013 | |
| OMICO CORPORATION | 0.133 | 3,560,816 | 473,589 | | ٠ | 3.560.816 | 473 589 | | • | ı | • |
| ORIENTAL PET & MIN | 0.0074 | 720,665,222 | 5,332,923 | • | 1 | 720,665,222 | 5.332.923 | , | • | , , | • |
| ORIENTAL PET-B | 0.0075 | 252,498,734 | 1,893,741 | 19,763 | 148 | 252,518,497 | 1,893,889 | | , | • | |
| ORIENTAL PENINSULA | 0.44 | 3,560,000 | 1,566,400 | , | 1 | | 1,566,400 | | 1 | • | ٠ |
| PHILOURILL CORP | 0.008 | 684,396,232 | 5,132,972 | 8,000,000 | 60,000 | 692,396,232 | 5,192,972 | • | 1 | • | • |
| PACIFICA HOLDINGS | 1.60 | 978,750 | 1,566,000 | | 1 | 978,750 | 1,566,000 | • | • | • | , |
| PAYYE | 4.95 25.45 | 495,745 | 2,453,938 | | 1 | 495,745 | 2,453,938 | | 1 | • | • |
| PAKIS PHI BIIS BANK | 0.70 | 852,000 | 1,448,400 | 1 1 | | 852,000 | 1,448,400 | • | 1 | 1 | , |
| PHIL BANK OF COMM | 9.70 | 2,436,955 | 23,638,464 | 37,500 | 363,750 | 2,474,455 | 24,002,214 | 1 | | 1 | |
| PETRON CORP | 2 43 | 193,339 | 3,015,338 | - 07 | - 0 | 193,539 | 3,015,338 | • | • | • | , |
| PICOP RES. INC | 5.45 | 10,130,943 | 74,016,191 | 40,000 | 97,200 | 10,170,943 | 24,715,391 | | r | • | 1 |
| PETROENERGY | 3.45 | 27,555,960 | 0 5/5 7/3 | - 000 | . 100 | 24,353,960 | - 6 | | • | • | |
| PUREGOI D PRICE | 30.85 | 915 300 | 3,040,745 | 239,000 | 824,550 | 3,005,882 | 10,370,293 | • | 1 | • | |
| PREMIERE HORIZON | 0.174 | 5.354.000 | 931 596 | 1 | 1 | 915,300 | 28,237,005 | | | 1 | • |
| PHILCOMSAT HOLDING | · : ' | 289 600 | 200 | | • | 0,354,000 | 931,596 | 1 | | • | 1 |
| PHIL ESTATE CORP. | 0.255 | 4.711.301 | 1.201.382 | | . , | 711 301 | 1 201 202 | | | • | |
| PHINMA CORPORATION | 19.00 | 478,531 | 9,092,089 | | 1 | 478 531 | 200,102,1 | ı | | 1 | 1 |
| PH RESORTS GROUP | 0.54 | 3,552,480 | 1,918,339 | | , | 3 552 480 | 1 018 330 | | | • | |
| SHAKEY'S PIZZA | 7.99 | 170,200 | 1,359,898 | 28,000 | 223.720 | 198.200 | 1.583.618 | | | | ı |
| DIGIPLUS | 27.15 | 2,732,005 | 74,173,936 | 100,000 | 2,715,000 | 2.832,005 | 76.888.936 | | | • | • |
| PANASONIC MFG. | 5.48 | 368,400 | 2,018,832 | | • | 368,400 | 2.018,832 | • | • | | , , |
| PRIMETOWN PROP | | 1,077,200 | • | , | • | 1,077,200 | • | | , | , | , |
| PHIL NATL BANK | 27.70 | 2,384,655 | 66,054,944 | • | 1 | 2,384,655 | 66,054,944 | | ٠ | 1 | ı |
| PHIL NATL CONST | | 1,317,100 | • | • | r | 1,317,100 | . ' | | 1 | • | , |
| PHOENIX PETROLEUM | | 991,855 | ı | • | • | 991,855 | • | 1 | • | • | • |
| PHOENIX PREF. 3B | | 9,700 | 1 | | | 9,700 | 1 | | ٠ | • | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total | 531 | 1,768,113,995 P | ₹ 417,503,094 | 9.046.263 P | 4.620.368 | 1.777.114.243 | P 422 123 462 | | 1 | 46.045 | |
| | | | | | | 1 | П | | | 0.0,01 | |

| NAME OF STOCKS | CLOSING PRICE | CUSTOMERS' ACCOUNT SHARES VALUE | COUNT | DEALER ACCOUNT SHARES VALUE | | P C D SHARES | VALUE | TRANSFER OFFICE SHARES VALL | FICE | IN BOX | VALUE |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-------------|----------|
| PHOENIX PRFF 4 | | 000 80 | | | | | | | | | A DE COL |
| GLOBALPORT900, INC | • | 2,000 | | | | 28,990 | • | 1 | 1 | • | • |
| PRYCE CORPORATION | 10.68 | 306,800 | 3 276 624 | | | 2,000 | | 1 | 1 | • | • |
| PHILTOWN PROP. INC | | 89.197 | 170,017,0 | | | 300,800 | 3,276,624 | , | • | • | |
| PHIL RACING CLUB | 7.00 | 31,214 | 218,498 | | | 31 214 | 218 400 | 1 | 1 | 89,197 | |
| PREMIERE REIT | 2.21 | 1,826,000 | 4,035,460 | 1 | 1 | 1.826,000 | 4 | | • • | • | 1 |
| PEIRON PREF.3B | 1,030.00 | 24,250 | 24,977,500 | | ٠ | 24,250 | 2 | | • | | . , |
| PETRON PREF. 4A | 1,005.00 | 8,750 | 8,793,750 | | | 8,750 | | • | • | | , , |
| PELKON PREF. 48 | 1,020.00 | 4,100 | 4,182,000 | | • | 4,100 | 4,182,000 | • | • | ٠ | • |
| PETRON PREF. 4C | 1,043.00 | 4,200 | 4,380,600 | 1 | | 4,200 | 4,380,600 | | • | • | |
| PETRON PREF. 4D | 1,050.00 | 8,800 | 9,240,000 | | | 8,800 | 9,240,000 | | • | | • 1 |
| PETRON PREF. 4E | 1,050.00 | 14,850 | 15,592,500 | | ٠ | 14,850 | 15.592,500 | 1 | • | | ı |
| PRIME MEDIA HLDGS. | 2.13 | 305,000 | 649,650 | 8,500 | 18,105 | n | 667,755 | 1 | | • | r |
| PRIMEX CORPORATION | 1.81 | 455,700 | 824,817 | | . ' | | 824,817 | , | • | ٠, | |
| PHIL SAVINGS BANK | 58.20 | 183,428 | 10,675,510 | 6 | 524 | 183,437 | 10,676,033 | 1 | • | • | |
| PHIL. STR EXCHANGE | 164.00 | 34,036 | 5,581,904 | | | 34,036 | 5,581,904 | • | • | • | |
| PI&I CORF. | , ; | 4,078,832 | • | 1,998 | | 4,080,830 | | • | ٠ | • | |
| PHILEX MING CORP | 2.79 | 10,491,417 | 29,271,053 | | • | 10,491,417 | 29,271,053 | | • | • | |
| PAP ENERGI CORP | 2.87 | 10,813,674 | 31,035,244 | | • | 10,813,674 | 31,035,244 | 1 | • | | ı |
| DOVAS & COMBANIX | 23.85 | 283,944 | 6,772,064 | | | 283,944 | 6,772,064 | ı | ' | • | , |
| PI COMMEDCIAL BEIT | 2.12 | 1/5,083 | 476,226 | ı | • | 175,083 | 476,226 | • | • | , | , |
| REPOWER ENERGY | 0.00 7 40 | 4,000,300 | 27,299,025 | | | 4,666,500 | 27,299,025 | | • | , | • |
| REPLIBLIC GLASS | 3.10 3.75 | 3,000 | 15,300 | | | 3,000 | 15,300 | • | • | • | , |
| REM CORPORATION | 3.87 | 1,243,937 | 3,420,327 | | | 1,245,937 | 3,426,327 | | • | • | |
| ROBINSONS LAND | 13.30 | 456 597 | 8,079,740 | • | | 847,102 | 3,278,285 | | • | • | |
| PHIL REALTY & HLDG | 0.12 | 15 978 911 | 1 017 769 | 40.069 | , , | 456,597 | 6,072,740 | | • | • | • |
| PHIL REALTY 75% | ! ; • | 2.896.000 | 60. | 10,032 | 902, | 15,988,963 | 1,918,676 | 1 | • | 1 | |
| ROCKWELL LAND | 1.51 | 2,192,885 | 3 311 256 | 00,00 | | 2 400 005 | | | • | 2,979,000 | • |
| ROXAS HOLDINGS INC | , | 130,537 | | , | | 130 537 | 007,116,0 | | | 1 | • |
| REYNOLDS PHILS. | , | 570,991 | • | 300.425 | , | 871 416 | • ' | • | | | |
| ROBINSONS RETAIL | 36.00 | 168,600 | 6,069,600 | | , | 168,600 | 9 069 600 | • ! | | • | ı |
| SBS PHILS, CORP. | 4.95 | 473,931 | 2,345,958 | 3,000 | 14.850 | 476 931 | 2,360,808 | | | • | İ |
| SEMIRARA MNG | 34.90 | 2,792,800 | 97,468,720 | | , | 2.792.800 | 97.468.720 | | | • | ı |
| SECURITY BANK CORP | 87.00 | 1,149,777 | 100,030,599 | • | • | 1,149,777 | 100,030,599 | • | ٠ | | ' ' |
| SECB VOLING PREP | ' ! | 298,664 | 1 | | , | | , | • | ٠ | 298.664 | , |
| PHIL. SEVEN CORP. | 67.80 | 100 | 6,780 | | • | 100 | 6,780 | | • | | , |
| SELPREFERRED | 0.038 | 6,333,506 | 367,343 | | | 6,333,506 | 367,343 | • | • | 1 | , |
| SOLID GROUP INC | 1.740 | 10,009 | 27,760 | | | 15,609 | 27,160 | ı | • | • | ı |
| SYNERGY GRID | 08.6 | 2 129 800 | 1,040,300 | | | 1,010,000 | 1,040,300 | 1 | • | • | • |
| SHELL PILIPINAS | 7.50 | 429,460 | 2 248 700 | | | 2,129,800 | 20,872,040 | • | • | • | • |
| SHANG PROPERTIES | 3 94 | 1 724 776 | 5,210,700 | - 1 | ' 6 | 429,160 | 3,218,700 | ı | 1 | • | 1 |
| SUN LIFE FINANCIAL | 3 028 00 | 077,471,1 | 9,795,017 | 000'1 | 3,940 | 1,725,776 | 6,799,557 | ı | • | • | • |
| STA. LUCIA LAND | 2.90 | 1.010.000 | 0,380,430 | | | 2,837 | 8,590,436 | | • | 1 | |
| SM INVESTMENT | 899.00 | 26.445 | 23 774 055 | | | 1,010,000 | 2,929,000 | | • | • | |
| SAN MIGUEL CORP. | 86.00 | 1.716,967 | 147,659,162 | | | 716.067 | 447 650 460 | | | | 1 |
| SMC PREF. 2F | 73.30 | 889,460 | 65,197,418 | | | 1,0,001,1 | 6F 407 440 | | | • | |
| SMC PREF 2I | 72.250 | 456,460 | 32,979,235 | 1 | | 456 460 | 03,197,410 | 1 | | • | |
| SMC PREF 2J | 70.50 | 230,200 | 16,229,100 | • | | 230,200 | 32,979,233 16,229,100 | | | • | |
| | | | | | | 001,001 | 10,223,100 | - | | | |
| Sub-total | 10,995 | 79,017,817 F | P 740,905,027 | 407,984 ₱ | 38,625 | 76,058.940 | P 740.943.652 | 0. | ı | 2 366 864 | |
| | | | | | | | | | : | 3,000,000,0 | . |

| | CLOSING | 1 | COUNT | DEALER ACCOUNT | | PCD | | TRANSFER OFFICE | PEFICE | YOU N | |
|---------------------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| NAME OF STOCKS | PRICE | SHARES | VALUE | SHARES VALUE | 픠 | SHARES | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE | SHARES | VALUE |
| SMC PREF 2K | 70.000 | 166 000 | 11 620 000 | | | 000 | | | | | |
| SMC PREF 2L | 77.65 | 130 500 | 10 133 325 | • | • | 000,001 | 11,620,000 | • | • | • | 1 |
| SMC PREF 2N | 79.70 | 54 400 | 4 335 680 | • | 1 | 130,500 | 10,133,325 | 1 | • | • | • |
| SAN MIGUEL 20 | 82.30 | 388 500 | 31 973 550 | • | 1 | 54,400 | 4,335,680 | 1 | • | • | |
| SM PRIME HLDGS INC | 25.15 | 1 897 195 | A7 744 AEA | • | • | 388,500 | 31,973,550 | | • | • | |
| SOCRESOURCES, INC. | 0.184 | 4.710.667 | 866.763 | | 1 | 1,897,195 | 47,714,454 | 1 | 1 | • | , |
| SPC POWER CORP. | 9.01 | 110,000 | 994,100 | | • | 4,710,667 | 866,763 | 1 | 1 | • | , |
| SEAFRONT RES CORP | 151 | 408 230 | 616 407 | 1000 | ' 0 | 110,000 | 991,100 | i | 1 | • | |
| SP NFW FNFRGY | 10.1 | 28 015 556 | 724,010 | 0,384 | 12,675 | 416,624 | 629,102 | | ı | • | , |
| SSI Group Inc | 3 18 | 220 10,030 | 4 205 520 | 350,000 | 357,000 | 29,265,556 | 29,850,867 | • | • | • | 1 |
| STI EDITOATION | 26 | 379,100 | 1,205,538 | | • | 379,100 | 1,205,538 | ı | 1 | • | ı |
| STENIE! MEG CORP | 45. | 43,128,100 | 57,791,654 | | • | 43,128,100 | 57,791,654 | • | 1 | ' | |
| VISTAMALIS | 1.57 | 1,559,242 | 2,448,010 | • | | 1,559,242 | 2,448,010 | r | 1 | • | ٠ |
| VIOLAWALLS | 1.47 | 308,300 | 453,201 | • | • | 308,300 | 453,201 | , | • | , | • |
| SUNITOR RESORT | 0.90 | 3,301,600 | 2,971,440 | • | • | 3,301,600 | 2,971,440 | r | 1 | • | ٠ |
| TDANSPACIFIC CORP. | 0.29 | 1,057,100 | 306,559 | | 1 | 1,057,100 | 306,559 | ٠ | 1 | 1 | |
| ODITION DELLE GROUP | 0.135 | 4,730,000 | 638,550 | • | 1 | 4,730,000 | 638,550 | • | ٠ | , | |
| CIKLEK PREF.BZ "C" | 46.10 | 18,100 | 834,410 | 1 | | 18,100 | 834,410 | , | ' | | |
| CIKLEK PREF.82 "D" | 46.10 | 19,900 | 917,390 | • | • | 19,900 | 917,390 | , | , | • | |
| CIRTER HLDGS. | 1.32 | 2,117,727 | 2,795,400 | 20,000 | 26,400 | 2,137,727 | 2.821.800 | ٠ | , | | |
| PLDI INC. | 1,295.00 | 66,991 | 86,753,345 | | | 66,991 | 86.753.345 | , | ٠ | • | ı |
| PIFC REDEVELOPMENT | 22.00 | 2,001,621 | 110,089,155 | , | • | 2,001,621 | 110,089,155 | • | | | 1 |
| TOP FRONTIER HLDGS | 63.10 | 86,072 | 5,431,143 | | , | 86,072 | 5,431,143 | • | • | • ' | ' |
| HAKBOK STAR | 0.62 | 460,500 | 285,510 | 100,000 | 62,000 | 560,500 | 347.510 | • | • | | • |
| UNION BANK | 36.00 | 435,356 | 15,672,816 | 400 | 14,400 | 435,756 | 15.687,216 | • | | | • |
| UNIOIL RES & HLDGS | | • | • | 200,000 | . ' | | | • | | - 600 000 | |
| UNIV RHTFLD HLDGS | ε | 9,354,000 | • | . 1 | , | 9.354.000 | • | | 1 | 200,000 | |
| UINIVERSAL PET-25% | ı | 160,000 | 1 | 1 | • | | • | | • | . 000 | 1 |
| UNITED PARAGON MNG | 0.003 | 105,482,500 | 295,351 | • | ٠ | 105 482 500 | 205 351 | ı | • | 000,001 | t |
| UPSON INT'L. | 0.68 | 40,000 | 27,200 | | | 40,000 | 27 200 | 1 1 | • | • | ı |
| UNIV ROBINA CORP | 79.00 | 213,826 | 16,892,254 | | 1 | 213 826 | 16 892 254 | ı | • | | |
| UNIWIDE HLDGS, INC | | 22,601,000 | | 200,000 | • | 22,801,000 | 10,000,00 | 1 1 | | 1 | |
| VANTAGE EQUITIES | 0.70 | 5,940,435 | 4,158,304 | | | 5.940.435 | 4 158 304 | | . (| • | , |
| VITARICH CORP. | 0.54 | 3,533,500 | 1,908,090 | • | | 3,533,500 | 1,908,090 | , | | • | , |
| VISTA LAND | 1.48 | 2,050,850 | 3,035,258 | , | • | 2,050,850 | 3 035 258 | | | 1 | |
| VISTA LAND PREF 2B | 102.50 | 40,000 | 4,100,000 | • | ٠ | 40.000 | 4.100.000 | | • | • | |
| VICTORIAS MILL CO. | 2.00 | 371,996 | 743,992 | • | • | 371.996 | 743.992 | • | | , | |
| VISTAREII, INC. | 1.89 | 1,321,000 | 2,496,690 | | • | 1,321,000 | 2.496,690 | | ٠ | | , |
| VIVANI CORP. | 18.02 | 499 | 8,992 | | , | 499 | 8,992 | , | , | | |
| PHILWEB CORP. | 1.40 | 2,240,960 | 3,137,344 | • | , | 2.240.960 | 3 137 344 | , | ı | • | |
| WISE HLDGS., INC. | | 1,000 | • | | | 1,000 | | • | | • | |
| WELLEX INDS., INC. | 0.211 | 24,948,956 | 5,264,230 | 000'009 | 126,600 | 25,548,956 | 5.390.830 | | , , | 1 | |
| WILCON DEPOT, INC. | 14.30 | 931,800 | 13,324,740 | ' | | 931,800 | 13 324 740 | | | • | |
| WATERFRONT PHIL | 0.375 | 6,330,600 | 2,373,975 | , | ٠ | 6,330,600 | 2,373,975 | , | | | |
| XURPAS INC. | 0.182 | 3,576,900 | 966'029 | 250,000 | 45,500 | 3.826,900 | 696 496 | | | | |
| ZEUS HOLDINGS,INC. | 0.072 | 8,365,000 | 602,280 | • | | 8,365,000 | 602,280 | | | • 1 | |
| 4.0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total | 2,122 | 293,955,579 | 485,358,983 | 2,028,794 | 644,575 | 295,324,373 | 486,003,557 | | 1 | 660,000 | , |
| GRAND TOTAL | 34,307 | 10.732.788.972 | P 5.123.920.925 | 25.365.990 8 17 | 11 547 086 | | DE 404 764 044 | 6 | | | |
| | | Ш | | - | 000,140, | 77,107,007,01 | F 5,134,734,911 | 2,800,000 | P 714,000 | 4,593,240 | |



M. A. MERCADO & Co. Certified Public Accountants 2109 Cityland 10 Tower 1 156 H.V. Dela Costa Street Cor. 6815 Ayala Avenue North 1226 Makati City, Philippines

Phone: +63 (2) 8894-5783

+63 (2) 8893-1509

Fax: +63 (2) 8894-4793

E-mail: mercado_cpa@yahoo.com

Website: mamercado.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Shareholders and the Board of Directors **SOLAR SECURITIES, INC.**Unit 3002 East Tower
Philippine Stock Exchange Centre
Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Solar Securities, Inc., as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, on which we have issued our attached report dated April 4, 2025.

In compliance with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, we are stating that the above Company has a total of seven (7) stockholders owning one hundred (100) or more shares each.

M.A. MERCADO & CO.

MARCELINO A. MERCADO

Partner

CPA License No. 066885

Tax Identification No. 102-921-222

P.T.R. No. 10471448; Issued on January 9, 2025, Makati City

BOA Accreditation No. 5658 / P-001

Issued on December 19, 2023; Valid until November 20, 2026

SEC Accreditation No. 66885-SEC (Group B)

Issued on January 25, 2022;

Valid until 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

BIR Accreditation No. 08-006173-001-2025

Issued on March 12, 2025; Valid until March 11, 2028

IC Accreditation No. 66885-IC

Issued on January 26, 2021;

Valid until 2024 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

Firm's BOA/PRC Cert. of Reg. No. 5658

Issued on December 19, 2023; Valid until November 20, 2026

Firm's SEC Accreditation No. 5658-SEC (Group B)

Issued on January 25, 2022;

Valid until 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

Firm's BIR Accreditation No. 08-006173-000-2024

Issued on March 5, 2024; Valid until March 4, 2027

Firm's IC Accreditation No. 5658-IC (Group A)

Issued on January 26, 2021;

Valid until 2024 financial statements of SEC covered institutions